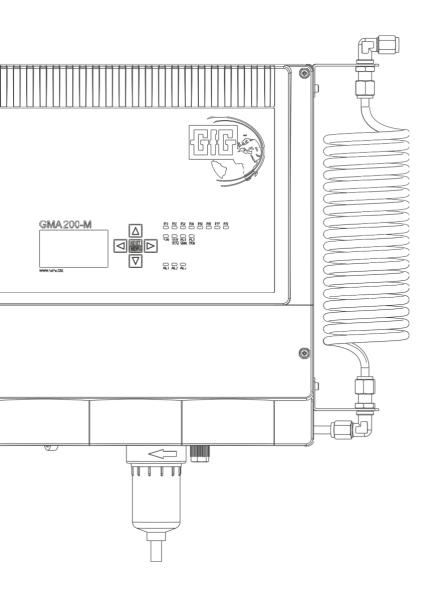




Operation Manual GMA200-MGSS

Translation of the original operation manual 232-000.20_BA_GMA200-MGSS Version 8 as of 08/12/2022



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Information on the operation manual

These operating instructions enable the safe and efficient handling of the sample draw system, GMA200-MGSS, for monitoring gases and vapors. It is part of the product and must be kept in the vicinity of the equipment, accessible to users at all times.

The operating instructions must be read carefully and understood before starting any work. The basic prerequisite for safe working is the observance of all specified safety notes and handling instructions. In addition, national and international safety and accident prevention regulations apply.

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List of changes

Revision	Date of issue	Change	Editing	Approval
1	26.02.2021	First edition	Mironiuk	Böttger
2	18.03.2021	Specifying adjustment times, p. 36	Mironiuk	Böttger
3	28.04.2021	Supplement to applicable documents, p. 14 warning notice on sensor specifications, p. 31	Mironiuk	Mironiuk
4	09.07.2021	Specifying adjustment times, p. 19	Mironiuk	Mironiuk
5	16.03.2022	Error corrections and clarification of wording	Mironiuk	Mironiuk
6	24.10.2022	Error correction in chapter 3.10.2: Description of pump performance	Mironiuk	Mironiuk
7	22.11.2022	Removed "24 V" from Power supply section (6.5 Technical Data)	Mironiuk	Mironiuk
8	08.12.2022	Changes to section "Information on the environmentally safe disposal of used parts"	Mironiuk	Mironiuk

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1. Overview

The GMA200-MGSS is a sample draw system for wall mounting. It is used for sequential monitoring of a maximum of 6 measuring points for up to 3 gases or gas mixtures. Flammable gases and vapors in the range below the lower explosion limit, toxic gases and oxygen concentrations can be monitored. For this purpose, the GMA200-MGSS has an electronically controlled pump with flow monitoring and an internal sensor block for connecting up to three sensor units.

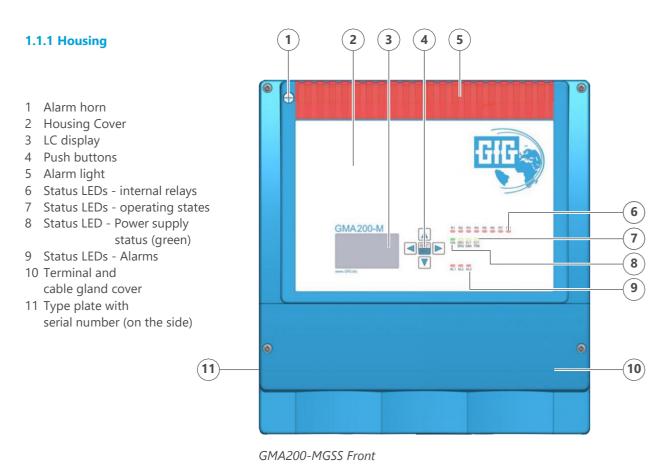
Up to 12 external transmitters and/or 4 relay modules can also be connected via the RS-485 interface.

Measured values and alarms can optionally be stored on an SD card via data logger. An alarm is indicated both visually and acoustically. In addition, the GMA200-MGSS offers 8 internal relays and a GMA bus output.

There are 3 versions of the GMA200:

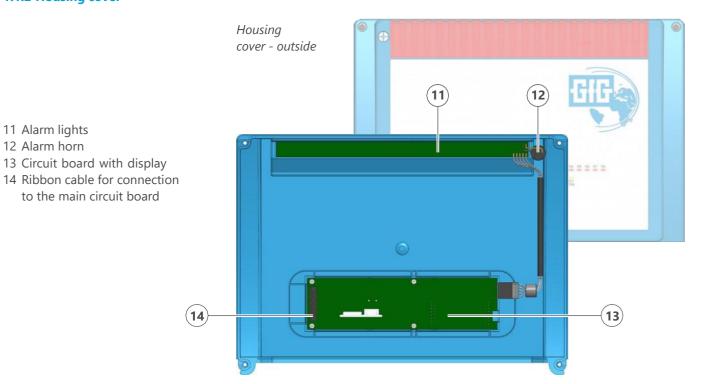
- » GMA200-MGSS/V0
 - For one measuring point without gas switching valve for applying test gas
- » GMA200-MGSS/V1
 - For one measuring point with gas switching valve for applying test gas
- » GMA200-MGSS/V2 to V6
 - For two to six measuring points with gas switching valve for applying test gas

1.1 Device Setup GMA200-MGSS



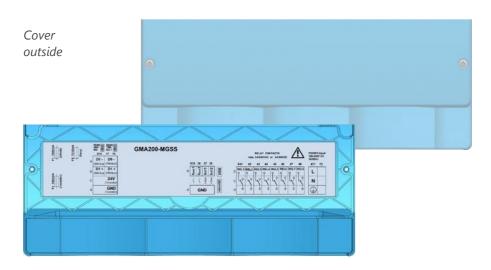
1.1.2 Housing cover

11 Alarm lights 12 Alarm horn



Housing cover - inside

1.1.3 Cover



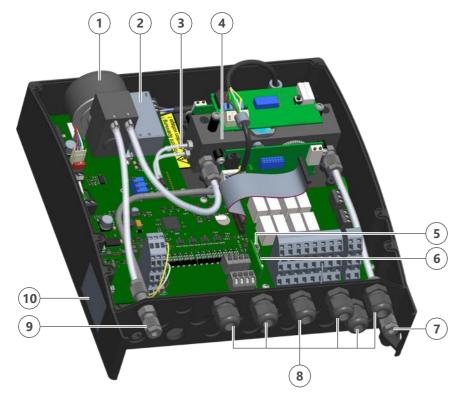
Cover inside with terminal assignment diagram



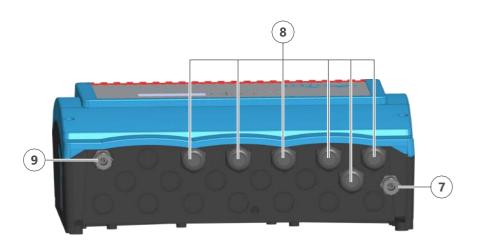
For information on the terminal assignment diagram and available options, refer to section 4.2 Electrical connections (► Page 39).

1.2 GMA200-MGSS/V0

- 1 Diaphragm pump
- 2 Power Supply Unit
- 3 Flow sensor
- 4 Sensor block
- 5 USB port
- 6 Socket for microSD card
- 7 Gas outlet
- 8 Cable gland (6X)
- 9 Gas inlet
- 10 Type plate with serial number



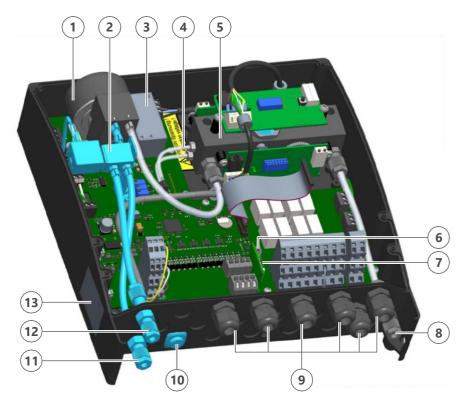
Assemblies GMA200-MGSS/V0



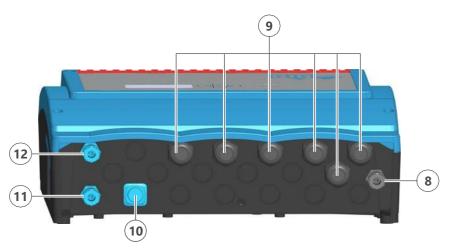
Connections GMA200-MGSS/V0

1.3 GMA200-MGSS/V1

- 1 Diaphragm pump
- Switching valve 2
- Power Supply Unit 3
- 4 Flow sensor
- 5 Sensor block
- 6 USB port
- 7 Socket for microSD card
- 8 Gas outlet
- 9 Cable gland (6X)
- 10 Changeover switch measuring gas/test gas
- 11 Gas inlet test gas
- 12 Gas inlet measuring gas
- 13 Type plate with serial number



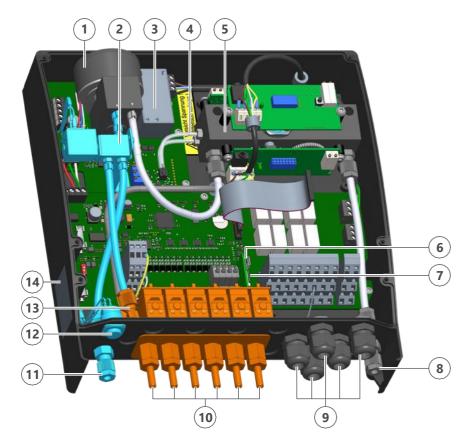
Assemblies GMA200-MGSS/V1



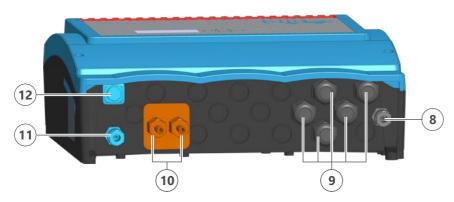
Connections GMA200-MGSS/V1

1.4 GMA200-MGSS/V2 to V6

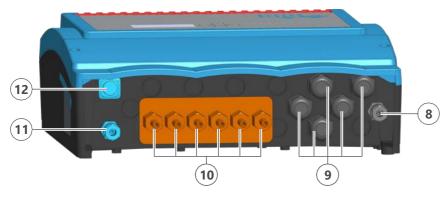
- Diaphragm pump
- Switching valve 2
- 3 **Power Supply Unit**
- 4 Flow sensor
- 5 Sensor block
- 6 USB port
- 7 Socket for microSD card
- 8 Gas outlet
- 9 Cable gland (5x)
- 10 Valve block for switching the intake channels
- 11 Gas inlet test gas
- 12 Changeover switch measuring gas/test gas
- 13 Gas inlet measuring gas
- 14 Type plate with serial number



Assemblies GMA200-MGSS/V6



Connections GMA200-MGSS/V2

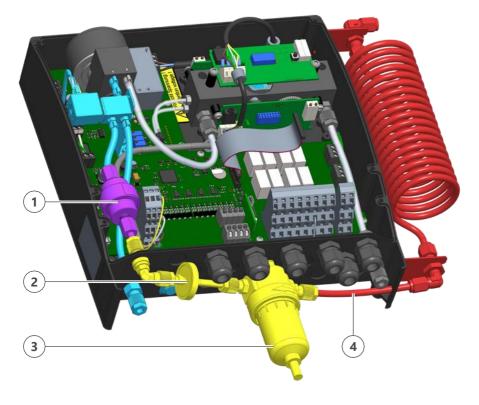


Connections GMA200-MGSS/V6

The variants V2 to V6 differ only in the number of valve block elements. Their number corresponds to the number of planned measuring points.

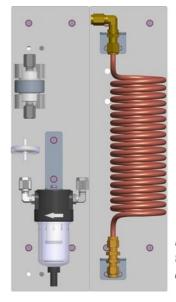
1.5 GMA200-MGSS - Optional components

- 1 Flame arrester FA30
- 2 Water barrier
- 3 Condensate separator
- 4 Cooling coil



Optional components using the example of a GMA200-MGSS/V1. Attachment to the GMA200-MGSS/V0 accordingly.

For the GMA200-MGSS/V2-6, the optional components are mounted outside the housing and connected to the valves of the valve block.



Possible arrangement of the optional accessories on the mounting plates

The illustration may differ from the supplied GMA200-MGSS. The number of elements and their arrangement depend on the number of measuring points and the gases you need to monitor.

The optional accessories listed below are available for the GMA200-MGSS:

Accessories	Item no.
Flame arrester type FA30	2203051
Condensate separator with filter element and water barrier	2203052
Cooling coil (copper)	2203053
Cooling coil (stainless steel)	on request
Mounting plate "Multi" for DIN rail mounting	on request
Mounting bracket FA30 external	on request
Mounting plate for cooling coil	on request
Mounting plate for condensate separator	on request

Other accessories on request.

1.6 Applicable Documents

This technical document is complete in itself.



The following table lists the applicable documents. If required, GfG can provide you with further information on the product and additional copies of these documents.

» Configuration » Test report

» Declaration of Conformity

» Mounting template

Enclosed with the delivery Enclosed with the delivery In the appendix to this operation manual In the appendix to this

Depending on the system configuration:

Document number:

operation manual

» Annex "Modbus Implementation" 222-000.46_AOM_GMA200-Modbus

» OM for the relay modules 222-000.44_OM_GMA200-RT

» OMs of the external transmitters Depends on transmitter.

Included in the scope of delivery

of the transmitter.

Also observe all relevant laws, standards and directives as well as the accident prevention and environmental protection regulations of the country in which the product is used.

If you believe that these operating instructions contain errors, contradictions or ambiguities, contact the manufacturer before using the product.

2. Safety

This operation manual contains detailed descriptions for the safe and proper installation, connection, commissioning, use, maintenance and testing of the product. It also contains safety instructions and general information about the product.

It is intended exclusively for specially trained users and authorized technical personnel.



Read this technical document carefully to familiarize yourself with the product. Pay special attention to the information in this chapter.

2.1 Manufacturer

Manufacturer of the product is:

GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH

Klönnestraße 99 44143 Dortmund Germany

Phone: +49 231 564 00-0 Fax: +49 231 564 00-895 info@gfg-mbh.com Fmail: Web: GfGsafety.com

If required, GfG can provide you with further information on the product and additional editions of these documents

2.2 Disclaimer

All information and notes in this technical document have been compiled considering all applicable standards and regulations, the state of the art and our many years of knowledge and experience.

The manufacturer assumes no liability for damage due to:

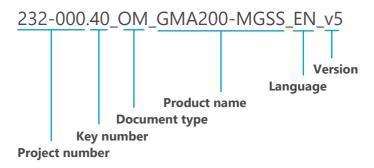
- » the use of unauthorized accessories
- » the use of non-approved spare parts
- » technical modifications
- » failure to comply with these instructions
- » use not in accordance with the intended purpose
- » unauthorized modification
- » operation by employees without appropriate training or specialist knowledge

The obligations agreed in the delivery contract, the general terms and conditions and delivery conditions of the manufacturer as well as the legal regulations valid at the time of the conclusion of the contract shall apply.

2.3 Subject to alterations

The information contained in this technical document corresponds to the technical specifications released at the time of publication. Amendments will be included in any new editions of the operating instructions..

Composition of the document number:



2.4 Place of storage

This technical document and any other applicable documents must be kept ready to hand and accessible at all times for later use.

2.5 Symbols in this manual

Safety instructions are identified by symbols in this manual. The safety instructions are introduced by a signal word indicating the degree of danger.



DANGER

Specific designation of the type of hazard Behavior to avoid danger

This combination of symbol and signal word indicates an **imminently** hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING

Specific designation of the type of hazard Behavior to avoid danger

This combination of symbol and signal word indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in **death or serious injury**.



CAUTION

Specific designation of the type of hazard

Behavior to avoid danger

This combination of symbol and signal word indicates a **potentially** hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in **minor or moderate injury**.



ATTENTION

Specific designation of the type of hazard

Behavior to avoid danger

This combination of symbol and signal word indicates a **possibly** hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in **property damage**.

2.6 Safety information in handling instructions

Safety instructions may refer to individual instructions for action. These safety instructions are embedded in the action instruction so they do not impair the flow of reading while performing the action. They use the signal words described above.

Example:

The SD card must be removed to read out the data.



ATTENTION

Possible loss of data and/or corrupted files

Stop data recording before removing the SD card

- » Press RESET/MENU for 3 s. This will take you to the main menu
- » Scroll down, to the menu item Status Data Logger
- Confirm the selection with RESET/MENU
- Stop REC is shown in the center of the bottom line of the display. Stop the recording by pressing the RESET/MENU key.

2.7 Warning signs

The following warning signs are used in safety instructions to draw attention to particular hazards:

Warning sign

Type of danger



General warning



Warning of dangerous electrical voltage



Fire hazard

Tips and recommendations



This symbol highlights useful tips and recommendations as well as information for efficient and trouble-free operation.



Reference to another chapter in this document.

2.8 Other markings

The following paragraphs provide an overview of the spelling and abbreviations used in these operating instructions.

2.8.1 General Spellings

Within this document, certain information is highlighted by special notations to ensure better readability.

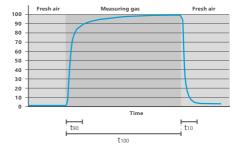
Notation	Usage	Example
VERSALIA	Hardware operating element	ON/OFF switch
<u>Underlined</u>	Software operating element	Press <u>Next</u> button
[Bracket]	Keyboard key	[ctrl] + [alt]
Bold	System message	Alarm1 limit value exceeded
Text > Text	Menu path	Parameter > Control parameter
(► page page number)	Cross reference	(► page 23)
1. Text 1 2. Text 2	Step by step instruction	 Pull out mains plug Remove the housing cover. For this
»	Enumeration without order	

2.8.2 Definitions of terms

Listed below are some definitions of terms used in these operating instructions:

- » Measuring gas: The gas or gas mixture to be monitored. It usually consists of air, the target gas and other components. On the GMA200-MGSS, it enters the measuring chamber of the sensor block from the measuring point(s) via the pump. When external transmitters are connected, it usually reaches their sensor by diffusion.
- **» Target gas:** Gaseous substance to be detected in the measuring gas and to be warned of its presence.
- **>> Zero gas:** Test gas that contains neither the target gas nor interfering impurities.
- **Test gas:** Gas mixture of known composition used for calibration and adjustment of gas detection devices.
- » Replacement test gas: Gas/air mixture used as a substitute for a difficult-to-handle test gas.
- » Interfering gas: A gas that causes the sensor to react even if the target gas is not present, or falsifies the measurement result when target gas is present.
- **» Cross-sensitivity:** It represents the sensitivity of a measuring device to quantities other than the measurand.
- **Calibration:** Comparison of the displayed result of a gas detector / sensor with a known test gas concentration without adjusting.
 - Depending on the degree of deviation detected:
 - the device can continue to be operated within the permissible deviation from the setpoint
 - the device must be adjusted
 - the device must be repaired
- **» Adjustment:** Adjustments of the zero point and sensitivity of the gas detector / sensor with a known zero gas or test gas.
- Adjustment time: The adjustment time t100 is the time span required by a measuring device to react to a sudden change in the value of the measurand with a corresponding change in the measuring signal. The change of the measuring signal itself is not rapid, but runs in the form of a logarithmic curve, i.e. becoming flatter with time. The shorter the setting time, the faster e.g. a transmitter will display the true concentration of a gas.

Since it takes a disproportionately long time to settle to the last 10 % accuracy both when rising and when falling, intermediate values such as t90, t50 or, in the case of decreasing gas concentration, t10, are much more important. They provide significantly better response times with sufficient accuracy.



For detailed information on the adjustment times of the sensors for the GMA200-MGSS, see *Chapter 3.9.5* > *Sensor specification* (► page 31).

2.8.3 Abbreviations and SI units

In this document, abbreviations are shown and used in the same way as they are shown in the display of the GMA200-MGSS for reasons of space. SI units are used according to international guidelines.

2.9 Intended Use

The GMA200-MGSS is a sample draw system for indoor wall mounting. This also includes mounting in appropriately suitable control cabinets.

It is used for sequential monitoring of a maximum of 6 measuring points for up to 3 gases or gas compounds. Up to 12 external transmitters can additionally be connected via the RS-485 interface.

The GMA200-MGSS may function as a fully-fledged stand-alone solution, as it can provide both visual and audible alarms on site. The internal relays and the possibility of connecting external GMA200-RT and GMA200-RTD series relay modules open up further options.

When used as intended and in accordance with the requirements and conditions specified in this technical document and the warnings given in this technical document and on the product, the product does not pose any risk to persons, property or the environment. This applies throughout its entire service life, fromdelivery, assembly and operation to dismantling and disposal.

Adjustments in service mode may only be carried out by professionally qualified personnel.

Any use beyond or other than the intended use is considered misuse.

2.10 Due diligence of the operator

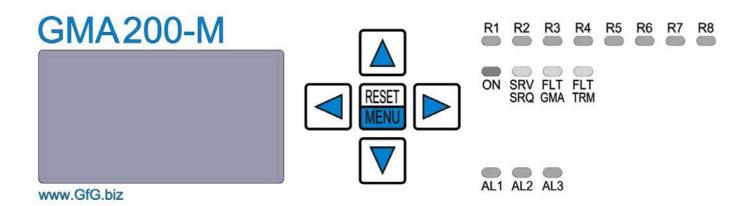
In order to avoid accidents, malfunctions and inadmissible impairment of the environment, the persons responsible for installation, operation, maintenance and disposal must ensure the following:

- » All safety warnings and hazard warnings must be observed
- » The employees are instructed with regard to occupational safety and the use of the product, in particular the safety instructions listed in the operation manual.
- » Regulations, operating instructions for safe work as well as the instructions for the behavior of the personnel in case of alarms must be kept ready to hand at all times and, if necessary, posted on the premises
- » The product is only operated in perfect, functional condition
- » The prescribed inspection intervals and maintenance cycles are adhered to
- » Only spare parts and auxiliary materials approved by the manufacturer are used
- The specified operating conditions and requirements for the installation site are observed
- » Installation, connection to the electrical system and commissioning of the product are carried out exclusively by qualified, trained personnel.

The operator must ensure that the product is used as intended.

3. Functional design

3.1 Push button interface and display

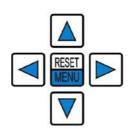


Located on the front of the GMA200-MGSS are:

- » the LC display
- » Status LEDs of the internal relays
- » Status LEDs of the operating states
- » Status LEDs of the alarms
- » 5 push buttons

Alarm acknowledgement and selection button RESET/MENU 4 control buttons with arrows (up, down, right, left)

3.1.1 Push button interface

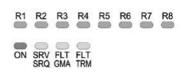




In measuring mode, use the push buttons to call up different displays of the measured values or to return to the overview. The RESET/MENU button is used for alarm acknowledgement and to call up the main menu.

Use the push buttons in the main and service menus to navigate through the menus or to make changes to settings. For more information, see Section 5.1 > Push button and operation (► Page 43)

3.1.2 Status LEDs





Status LEDs of the internal relays

The topmost LEDs, labeled "R1" to "R8", are the status LEDs of the internal relays. These are labeled accordingly as Relay 1 to Relay 8. In normal operation, the LEDs are off. In the event of an alarm or fault, the corresponding LED lights up red.

(red) Lights up when a relay is switched due to an alarm or fault.

Status LEDs of the operating states

The 4 status LEDs "ON", "SRV/SRQ", "FLT/GMA", "FLT/TRM" signal the operating status of the GMA200-MGSS.

(green) Lights up when power is supplied to the device. "SRV/SRQ" (yellow) Lit up continuously while the device is in service mode. Flashes when service is due for the GMA200-MGSS. "FLT/GMA" (yellow) Lit up continuously when there is a fault in the GMA. "FLT/TRM" (yellow) Lit up continuously when there is a fault on a sensor unit or transmitter.

Status LEDs of the alarms

The 3 status LEDs for alarms are used to indicate different alarm thresholds when exceeding or falling below limit values.

Flashes when alarm threshold Alarm 1 is exceeded. "AL1" (red) "AL2" (red) Flashes when alarm threshold Alarm 2 is exceeded. "AL3" Flashes when alarm threshold Alarm 3 is exceeded. (red) "AL1", "AL2", "AL3" are continuously lit when the alarm has been acknowledged.

For non-latching alarms, if an alarm is triggered, the corresponding alarm LED will continue to flash until the alarm condition is no longer met. The alarm is then automatically reset.

Alarms can be acknowledged by pressing the RESET/MENU button or an optional external switch. If the alarm condition for an alarm is still fulfilled after it has been acknowledged, the LED will be lit continuously instead of flashing.

If another alarm is subsequently triggered by another measuring point, the corresponding alarm LED starts flashing again.

It also activates the integrated visual and audible alarms. Exact information about the level of the gas concentration that triggered the alarm is highlighted on the LC display during the alarm.

3.1.3 LC display

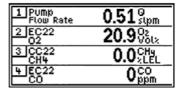
GMA200-M



Active = with displayed values

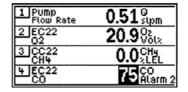
The 2.2" LC display is backlit in green during normal operation. Press any push button to make the backlight brighter. It is automatically dimmed again after 60 seconds.

In case of an alarm, the backlight changes to red. The measured value that triggered the alarm is displayed in inverted colors.

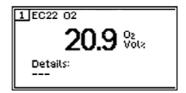


In measuring mode, the display shows the measuring points with numbers, designations and the current measured values.

A maximum of 8 measuring points are displayed simultaneously. If more than 8 sensor units or transmitters are connected to the GMA, the displayed measuring points change every few seconds.



In the event of an alarm, the display automatically switches to the alarm display. The current measured value is displayed inverted.

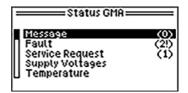


Use the push buttons UP, DOWN, RIGHT, LEFT to switch between the different detail views.

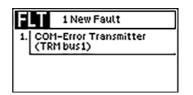


The GMA200-MGSS treats the internal flow sensor of the pump like another measuring point. You can access the pump capacity as well as set alarm thresholds in case of clogging.

the pumping capacity and set alarm thresholds to be alerted in case of obstructions.

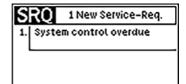


Hold the RESET/MENU button down to navigate to the main menu. This also works while an alarm is active.

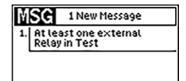


In Main Menu > GMA Status, you can access the menu items listed below even after acknowledged an alarm using the RESET/MENU button:

» Fault (FLT),



» Service Requests (SRQ)



» other messages (MSG)

3.2 Visual and audible alarm

Integrated into the housing of the GMA200-MGSS are an alarm light and a horn for local visual and audible alarms. They are activated when the limits defined in the alarm configuration are exceeded or undershot, respectively.

The horn can be assigned to specific alarm functions and measuring points like an internal relay by means of the GMA200Config software.



For more information on configuring the various alarms, see the section 5.2.2.1 Configuring the alarms (► Page 45)

3.3 USB port and microSD slot



The GMA200-MGSS has a USB port and a slot for a microSD card on the motherboard. These are located to the left of the relay terminal block.

The USB port is used exclusively as an interface for configuration. The GMA200-MGSS can be connected to a PC or laptop via USB cable. This allows it to be configured for a wide variety of measurement tasks using the GMA200Config software.

The microSD slot is designed for normal microSD cards with a capacity of up to 2 GB. This memory card can be used as a data logger if the GMA200-MGSS features the option.



For more information on configuring the data logger, see section 5.5.2 Service menu > Data logger (► page 66).

3.4 RS-485 digital interfaces

The GMA200-MGSS has 2 digital RS-485 interfaces. Up to 12 GfG transmitters with digital RS-485 interfaces and up to 4 external relay modules GMA200-RT or GMA200-RTD can be connected to one of these interfaces, the TRM-Bus1.

These external relay modules can likewise be connected to the second RS-485 interface, the GMA bus. Alternatively, the GMA bus can also be used to transmit the measurement data, alarm statuses and other status information to another device on request. This device can be a higher-level control unit, a PLC, a gateway or a panel PC for visualization of the measurement data.



The descriptions of the connections of the two RS-485 interfaces can be found in section *4.2 Electrical connections* (► page 39).

3.5 Relay

3.5.1 Internal relays

The GMA200-MGSS has a total of 8 internal relays, each with a floating changeover contact. 6 relays can be freely configured to implement pre-defined protective measures or alarms on the GMA200Config software.



In addition, there is a relay for fault messages and a relay for maintenance messages. For more information about the internal relays, refer to section 5.4.5 Main menu > Info Relays (Page 61).

If the internal relays are not sufficient, additional external relay modules can be used.

3.5.2 External relay modules

The relay modules GMA200-RT and GMA200-RTD allow the expansion of gas detection systems by 16 additional freely configurable relays with one floating changeover contact each.

A maximum of 4 relay modules can be managed with one GMA200-MGSS. They will be connected via the RS-485 interface. The relay modules can be located up to 1200m away from the GMA200-MGSS.

Data transmission to the external relay modules usually has a cycle time of 1.0 s. If the transmission of data is disrupted for a short time, the reaction time of the relay module may be extended to <4 s.

If the transmission of data to the relay module is disrupted for a longer amount of time, the GMA200-MGSS will display a fault notification after the third consecutive faulty transmission.

The relay modules are not part of this operation manual. For more information, please refer to the GMA200-RT/RTD operating manual (222-000.44_OM_GMA200-RT).

3.5.3 Configuration of the relays

The internal and external relays are configured exclusively via the GMA200Config software. It offers extensive options to assign the relays to the alarm functions and measuring points or measured value groups.

Configuration options:

- » Open-circuit current principle / closed-circuit current principle
- » Individual alarms per measuring point and alarm limit value
- » Collective or group alarms
- » Fault messages
- » Configuration of And/Or links
- » Voting functions (e.g. 2 out of 3 measuring points)

3.6 External alarm acknowledgement

Alarms can be acknowledged by pressing the RESET/MENU button. Up to 2 external buttons can additionally be connected to acknowledge alarms of individual measuring points or measuring point groups.



The GMA200Config software is used to assign the measuring points to the acknowledgement inputs. For a description of the connections of the alarm acknowledgement inputs, refer to section 4.2.5 Use of the alarm acknowledgement inputs (Reset1+2) (► Page 42).

3.7 Analog outputs

The GMA200-MGSS also has 2 analog 4-20 mA outputs, at which the measured values of 2 measuring points can be output. These analog signals can be easily processed by higher-level control systems, since the measured values are already linearized.



Which measuring point is assigned to which analog output can be set in the service menu of the GMA or by means of the GMA200Config software. For descriptions of the connections of the analog outputs, see section 4.2.6 Use of the 4-20 mA current outputs (► page 42).

> The table below lists output currents and the corresponding GMA status they indicate.

Output current	States in measuring mode and special states
approx. 0,0 mA	no active measuring point assigned
approx. 0,0 mA	GMA in start-up phase
approx. 0,0 mA	GMA fault (affecting the acquisition of measured values from measuring points)
1.0 mA (for 5 s)	Measuring point assignment changed within the last 5 s (self-recovering)
1.2 mA	Fault at the assigned measuring point
1.6 mA	Start-up of the assigned measuring point
2.0 mA	GMA in configuration mode (maintenance)
2.4 mA	Maintenance at the assigned measuring point
2.8 mA	Measured value \leq -7.5 % of the measuring range (if clamping* is not active)
2.8 to 4.0 mA	Measured value ≤ 0 % of the measuring range (if clamping* is not active)
4.0 mA	Measured value ≤ 0 % of the measuring range (if clamping* is active)
4.0 to 20(22) mA	Measured value 0 to 100(112.5) % of the measuring range
22.0 mA	Measured value ≥ 112.5 % of the measuring range
manual specification	Test mode active (maintenance)

^{*} Clamping prevents the output current from rising over 4 mA in measuring mode for measured values below the measuring range. Otherwise, problems may occur when interacting with PLCs. Use the GMA200Config software to set whether clamping is active or not.

3.8 Using a memory card as a data logger

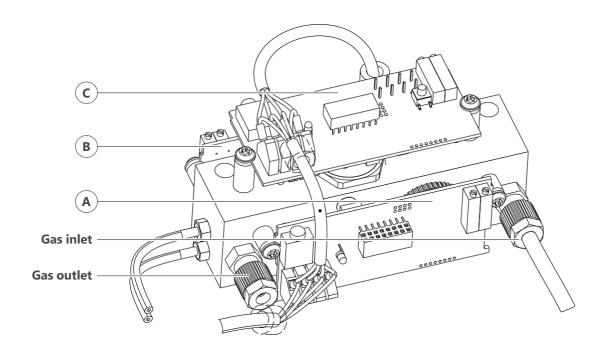
Optionally, the GMA200-MGSS can be equipped with a data logger for storing the measured values. A normal microSD card with a capacity of up to 2 GB is used as a storage medium. The memory card must be formatted to FAT(FAT16).



The memory card slot is located on the circuit board of the GMA200-MGSS, to the left of the terminal block. For more information about operating the data logger, refer to section 5.4.2 Service menu > Data logger (► page 59).

3.9 Sensor block

3.9.1 Description



The GMA200-MGSS has an internal sensor block. This sensor block is configured at the factory according to the specifications at the time of ordering and is delivered fully assembled.

The core of the sensor block is a common measuring chamber for connecting up to 3 sensor units. It also features one inlet and one outlet port for the monitored gas, as well as two ports for the flow sensor.

The flow sensor monitors the air flow generated by the pump. The flow rate in measuring mode is 0.5 slpm (standard liters per minute). The measurement results of the flow sensor can be treated as a normal transmitter measurement value and shown as a separate measuring point in the display.

Up to 3 internal sensor units, consisting of a sensor and its electronics for recording measured values, can be connected to the measuring chamber. Depending on the monitored gas, the sensors use different measuring principles. Electrochemical sensors (EC), infrared sensors (IR) and catalytic combustion sensors (CC) are available.

Not all sensor units can be connected to every opening. Below is an overview:

Measuring principle	Connectable to opening	Maximum number
Electrochemical	А, В	2
Infrared	А, В	2
Catalytic combustion	С	1

Any openings which are not connected to a sensor unit are sealed gas-tight with a blanking plug.

3.9.2 Sensor units

The sensor system of the GMA200-MGSS can consist of up to 3 sensor units. It is tested for function and correct readout before delivery.

The sensor block can accommodate up to 2 electrochemical and/or infrared sensors and an additional catalytic combustion sensor.

Calibration is performed with appropriate test gases. However, depending on transport, assembly and ambient conditions, deviations may arise. For this reason, the gas detection system must be commissioned and tested for function by a qualified person.

After power on, the transmitter needs 1-2 minutes for:

- » a self-test during which the program memory and RAM are checked
- » reading and evaluation of the device parameters including a simultaneous memory check
- » Reading and evaluation of the sensor parameters including a simultaneous memory check
- » the stabilizing of the sensor

During the startup phase, the memory tests are performed within the first few Seconds, while the GMA200-MGSS's display reads "Startup".



If a device error is detected during the startup phase, the affected sensor element switches to fault operation. The display then shows an error message (see section 5.3ff ► page 50) Displaying special states and malfunctions). The yellow fault LED lights up continuously.

3.9.3 Available sensor units

The following sensor units (consisting of sensor and signal processing electronics) are available for the GMA200-MGSS:

Gas	MK no.	Measuring range	Measuring principle*	Item number
CH ₄ (methane)	MK217-2	0 to 100 % LEL	CC	2203060
HC (hydrocarbons)	MK91-1	0 to 100 % LEL	CC	2203061
O ₂ (oxygen)	MK465-0	0 to 25 vol %	EC	2203062
CO (carbon monoxide)	MK443-0	0 to 500 ppm	EC	2203063
H ₂ S (hydrogen sulfide)	MK445-0	0 to 100 ppm	EC	2203064
NH₃ (ammonia)	MK453-0	0 to 500 ppm	EC	2203068
SO ₂ (sulfur dioxide)	MK440-0	0 to 20 ppm	EC	2203070
CO ₂ (carbon dioxide)	MK250-0	0 to 5 vol %	IR	2203066
CH ₄ (methane)	MK254-0	0 to 100 % LEL	IR	2203067
C₃H ₈ (propane)	MK253-0	0 to 100 % LEL	IR	2203072

^{*} CC = Catalytic Combustion, EC = Electrochemical, IR = Infrared

Other gases and measuring ranges on request.

3.9.4 Particularity of the catalytic combustion sensor

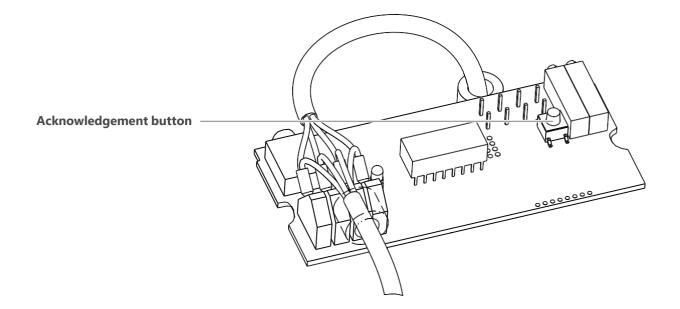
If the measuring range is exceeded significantly, i.e. more that 112 %, sensor units with catalytic combustion sensors will be de-energized for safety reasons. This is the case because of two reasons: the active risk of explosion and the fact that the measured value would decrease again at higher concentrations (ambiguity).



WARNING

A catalytic combustion sensor is switched off if the measuring range is exceeded by more than 12 %!

It must be switched on again manually. This state may only be terminated by pressing the acknowledgement button after you have insured that no more combustible gas is present at the measuring point.



To do so, remove the cover and the housing lid and briefly press the acknowledgement button on the circuit board.

3.9.5 Sensor specifications



ATTENTION

For the parameters pressure, humidity and temperature, the larger specified value applies to <u>all</u> sensors.

Catalytic combustion sensors

MK91-1 Catalytic combustion sensor for combustible gases and vapors Measuring range / Resolution 0 to 100 % LEL / 0.5 % LEL or 0 to 4 vol% NH_3 / 0.05 vol% NH_3 Adjustment time $\leq 5 \text{ s } (CH_4). \leq 5 \text{ s } (C_3H_8) *1$ with windscreen: $\leq 8 \text{ s } (CH_4)$. $\leq 8 \text{ s } (C_3H_8)$ *1 t90: $\leq 9 \text{ s } (CH_4). \leq 10 \text{ s } (C_3H_8) *1$ with windscreen: $\leq 15 \text{ s (CH}_4)$. $\leq 17 \text{ s (C}_3\text{H}_8)$ *1 Pressure 80 to 110 kPa: max. ±3 % of the measuring range or ±7 % of the displayed value (regarding 100 kPa) *3 Humidity 5 % to 90 % RH: max. ±5 % of the measuring range or ±10 % of the displayed value (regarding 50 % RH and 40 °C) *3 Temperature -25 to +55 °C: max. ±5 % of the measuring range or ±15 % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C) *3 Cross-sensitivity factors Methane – measuring range *2 <u>Propane – measuring range *2</u> Nonane – measuring range *2 at 50 % LEL: 2.20 vol% CH₄: = 100 % 0.85 vol% C₃H₈: = 100 % 0.35 vol% C₉H₂₀: = 100 % 2.00 vol% H₂: approx. 131 % 2.00 vol% H₂: approx. 160 % 2.00 vol% H₂: approx. 328 % approx. 231 % 1.25 vol% C₃H₆O: approx. 97 % 1.25 vol% C₃H₆O: approx. 111 % 1.25 vol% C₃H₆O: 1.15 vol% C₂H₄: approx. 96 % 2.20 vol% CH₄: approx. 107 % 2.20 vol% CH₄: approx. 224 % approx. 96 % 1.15 vol% C₂H₄: 1.15 vol% C₂H₄: approx. 213 % 0.85 vol% C₃H₈: approx. 101 % 0.85 vol% C₃H₈: 1.10 vol% C₄H₈O₂: approx. 92 % 1.10 vol% C₄H₈O₂: approx. 95 % approx. 210 % 1.00 vol% C₃H₈O: approx. 87 % 1.10 vol% C₄H₈O₂: approx. 201 % 1.00 vol% C₃H₈O: approx. 93 % 0.85 vol% C₄H₁₀O: approx. 87 % 0.85 vol% C₄H₁₀O: approx. 87 % 1.00 vol% C₃H₈O: approx. 193 % 0.50 vol% C₆H₁₄: approx. 74 % 0.50 vol% C₆H₁₄: approx. 69 % 0.85 vol% C₄H₁₀O: approx. 180 % 0.55 vol% C₇H₈: approx. 72 % 0.55 vol% C₇H₈: approx. 67 % 0.50 vol% C₆H₁₄: approx. 143 % 0.35 vol% C₉H₂₀: approx. 57 % $0.35 \text{ vol}\% C_9H_{20}$: approx. 49 % 0.55 vol% C₇H₈: approx. 132 % at 2 vol% NH₃: 2.00 vol% NH₃: approx. 57 % 2.00 vol% NH₃: 2.00 vol% NH₃: approx. 100 % approx. 49 % Specifics: This sensor is not suitable for measuring hydrogen and for use in an environment containing hydrogen. The sensor reacts to hydrogen, of course, but with this gas it is only suitable for alarm purposes. In case of continuous gassing with hydrogen, a steadily increasing signal has to be expected. Expected lifetime: 5 years

Measuring range / Resolution Adjustment time t50: t90:	0 to 100 % LEL / 0. ≤ 5 s (CH ₄). ≤ 7 s (≤ 10 s (CH ₄). ≤ 12 s	C ₃ H ₈) *1		, ,,	$\leq 9 \text{ s } (C_3H_8) *1$). $\leq 21 \text{ s } (C_3H_8) *1$	
Pressure 80 to 110 kPa:	max. ± 3 % of the measuring range or ± 7 % of the displayed value (regarding 100 kPa) *3					
Humidity 5 % to 90 % r. F.:	max. ±5 % of the n	max. ±5 % of the measuring range or ±10 % of the displayed value (regarding 50 % RH and 40 °C) *3				
Temperature -10 to +40 °C:	max. ±5 % of the n	max. ±5 % of the measuring range or ±15 % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C) *3				
Cross consitivity fortons	Made	. +2	D		N	
Cross-sensitivity factors	Methane – measur		Propane – measu	-	Nonane – measu	
at 50 % LEL:	2.20 vol% CH₄:	= 100 %	0.85 vol% C ₃ H ₈ :		2.00 vol% H₂:	= 100 %
	2.00 vol% H ₂ :	approx. 115 %	2.00 vol% H ₂ :	approx. 188 %	2.20 vol% CH ₄ :	approx. 86 %
	0.85 vol% C₃H ₈ :	approx. 65 %	2.20 vol% CH ₄ :	approx. 162 %	0.85 vol% C ₃ H ₈ :	approx. 53 %
Specifics:	If the sensor was e			,		the zero point
Expected lifetime:	5 years				,	

- *1: Longer adjustment times apply for other gases, especially for nonane.
- *2: Cross sensitivities can vary significantly from sensor to sensor and depend on the gas concentration as well as the age of the sensor. Other combustible gases not listed here will also cause the displayed value to increase.
- *3: This specification applies to methane and propane.

Electrochemical sensors

MK440-0 Electrochemical sensor for sulfur dioxide SO₂

0 to 10 / 20 / 50 / 100 ppm Measuring ranges: Resolution / Tolerance: 0.1 ppm / ±0.2 ppm Adjustment time: t50 < 10 s t90 < 30 s

80 to 120 kPa: max. ±0.2 ppm or ±5 % of the displayed value (regarding 100 kPa) Pressure Humidity 15 % to 90 % RH: max. ±0.3 ppm or ±3 % of the displayed value (regarding 50 % RH at 20 °C)

max. ±0.3 ppm or ±5 % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C) Temperature -20 to +50 °C:

 $C_2H_2 < 300 \%$; $NO_2 < -170 \%$; $C_2H_4 < 90 \%$; HCN < 50 %; $CI_2 < -40 \%$; NO < 10 %; $H_2S < 0.4 \%$; Cross sensitivities:

CO < 0.4 %; $H_2 < 0.3 \%$; $NH_3 = 0 \%$; (*4)

Expected lifetime: 3 years in air

MK443-0 Electrochemical sensor for carbon monoxide CO

0 to 200 / 300 / 500 / 1000 / 1500 / 2000 ppm Measuring ranges:

Resolution / Tolerance: 1 ppm / ±3 ppm Adjustment time: t90 < 30 s (at 20 °C)

80 to 120 kPa: max. ±3 ppm or ±5 % of the displayed value (regarding 100 kPa) Pressure Humidity 15 % to 90 % RH: max. ±3 ppm or ±2 % of the displayed value (regarding 50 % RH at 20 °C) Temperature -20 to +55 °C: max. $\pm 3(5)$ ppm or $\pm 7(10)$ % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C)

Cross sensitivities: $C_2H_4\approx 96~\%.~~C_2H_2\approx 90~\%.~~H_2<30~\%~(typ.15~\%).~~NO<20~\%.~~Cl_2<7~\%.~~C_2H_6O\approx 0.5~\%.$

 $SO_2 = NH_3 = H_2S = 0 \%$ (*4)

Expected lifetime: 3 years in air

MK445-0 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen sulfide H₂S

0 to 30 / 50 / 100 / 200 / 300 / 500 ppm Measuring ranges:

Resolution / Tolerance: $0.1 \text{ ppm} / \pm 0.3 \text{ ppm}$ Adjustment time: t90 < 30 s (at 20 °C)

Pressure 80 to 120 kPa: max. ±1 ppm or ±7 % of the displayed value (regarding 100 kPa) Humidity 15 % to 90 % RH: max. ±1 ppm or ±7 % of the displayed value (regarding 50 % RH at 20 °C) Temperature -20 to +50 °C: max. ±1 ppm or ±7 % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C)

Cross sensitivities: $NO_2 < 10 \%$. CO < 2 %. NO < 1 %.

 $CO_2 = SO_2 = CI_2 = NH_3 = C_2H_4 = 0 \%$ (*4) low methanol cross sensitivity

Expected lifetime: 3 years in air

MK453-0 Electrochemical sensor for ammonia NH₃

0 to 100 / 200 / 300 / 400 / 500 ppm Measuring ranges:

Resolution / Tolerance: $1 ppm / \pm 3 ppm$ Adjustment time: t90 < 45 s (at 20 °C)

80 to 120 kPa: max. ±1 ppm or ±10 % of the displayed value (regarding 100 kPa) Pressure Humidity 15 % to 90 % RH: max. ±1 ppm or ±10 % of the displayed value (regarding 50 % RH at 20 °C) Temperature (-20)-10 to +50 °C: max. $\pm 1(2)$ ppm or $\pm 15(20)$ % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C)

Cross sensitivities: $H_2S \approx 120 \%$. $NO_2 \approx -100 \%$. $SO_2 \approx -30 \%$.

 $CO = NO = CO_2 = H_2 = C_2H_6O = 0 \%$ (*4)

Expected lifetime: 2 to 3 years in air

MK465-0 Electrochemical sensor for oxygen O₂

Measuring ranges: 0 to 25 vol% Resolution / Tolerance: 0.1 vol% / ± 0.3 vol% Adjustment time: ± 0.4 to ± 0.4 vol% ± 0.4 vol% ± 0.4 vol% ± 0.4 corrections to ± 0.4 vol% \pm

Pressure 80 to 120 kPa: Humidity 5 % to 95 % RH: Temperature -20 to +50 °C: max. ±0.3 vol% or ±2.5 % of the measuring range (regarding 100 kPa)

max. ± 0.3 vol% or ± 2.5 % of the measuring range (regarding 50 % RH at 20 °C)

max. ±0.4 vol% or ±3.0 % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C)

Expected lifetime: 3 years in air

*4: Displayed gas concentration with reference to the applied concentration in the range of threshold limit values (TLV).

Infrared sensors

MK250-0 Infrared sensor for carbon dioxide CO₂

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Measuring ranges:} & 0.00 \ \mbox{to } 5.00 \ \mbox{vol}\% \\ \mbox{Resolution:} & 0.01 \ \mbox{vol}\% \\ \mbox{Tolerance band:} & \pm 0.00 \ \mbox{vol}\% \\ \end{array}$

Adjustment time: $t_{50} < 25 \text{ s}$ $t_{90} < 50 \text{ s}$ $t_{10} < 50 \text{ s}$

Pressure 70 to 130 kPa: Humidity 0 % to 95 % RH: Temperature -25 to +50 $^{\circ}$ C: Long-term stability per month:

<1.6 % of the displayed value per 1 % change in pressure (regarding 100 kPa) max. ± 0.01 vol% or ± 2 % of the displayed value (regarding 50 % RH at 20 °C) max. ± 0.02 vol% or $\pm 10(15)$ % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C) max. ± 0.01 vol% or ± 2 % of the displayed value (under laboratory conditions)

Expected lifetime: > 5 years

MK253-0 Infrared sensor for propane C₃H₈

Measuring ranges: 0.0 to 100.0 % LEL or $0.00...2.00 \text{ vol}\% \text{ C}_3\text{H}_8$

Resolution: 0.2 % LEL or 0.01 vol% Tolerance band: ± 1.0 % LEL or ± 0.02 vol%

Adjustment time: t50 < 25 s t90 < 50 s

Pressure 70 to 130 kPa: Humidity 0 % to 95 % RH: Temperature -25 to +50 °C: <1.2 % of the displayed value per 1 % change in pressure (regarding 100 kPa) max. ± 2.0 % LEL or ± 15 % of the displayed value (regarding 0 % RH at 40 °C) max. ± 2.0 % LEL or $\pm 10(15)$ % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C)

Expected lifetime: > 5 years

MK254-0 Infrared sensor for methane CH₄

Measuring ranges: 0.0 to 100.0 % LEL or 0.00 to 5.00 vol% CH_4

Resolution: 0.2 % LEL or 0.01 vol% Tolerance band: ± 1.0 % LEL or ± 0.05 vol%

Pressure 70 to 130 kPa: Humidity 0 % to 95 % RH: Temperature -25 to +50 °C:

<1.5 % of the displayed value per 1 % change in pressure (regarding 100 kPa) max. ± 2.0 % LEL or ± 15 % of the displayed value (regarding 0 % RH at 40 °C) max. ± 2.0 % LEL or $\pm 10(15)$ % of the displayed value (regarding 20 °C)

Querempfindlichkeiten

at 50% LEL: 1.20 vol% $C_2H_6 \rightarrow >125$ % LEL (5.5 vol%) 0.55 vol% $C_5H_{12} \rightarrow approx. 55$ % LEL (2.5 vol%)

 $0.85 \text{ vol}\% \text{ C}_3\text{H}_8 \rightarrow \text{approx. } 90 \% \text{ LEL } (4.0 \text{ vol}\%) \quad 2.20 \text{ vol}\% \text{ CH}_4 \rightarrow = 50 \% \text{ LEL}$

They may vary from sensor to sensor and depend on the gas concentration.

Expected lifetime: > 5 years



ATTENTION

Possible deviations in the measured values

The initial commissioning of the GMA200-MGSS requires a calibration and, if necessary, an adjustment of the zero points (ZERO) and the sensitivities (SPAN) after the adjustment time of the installed sensors.

3.9.6 External transmitters

Up to 12 external transmitters can be connected to the GMA200-MGSS via transmitter bus 1.



For installation and commissioning observe the operation manual of the respective transmitter and the appendix to the operation manual GMA200-MT/-MW "Modbus implementation".

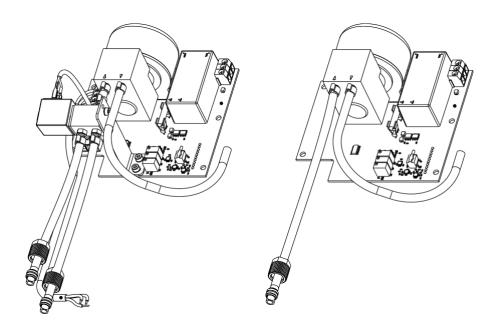
3.10 Functional unit pump, power supply and flow sensor

Within the GMA200-MGSS/V0, the power supply unit, the controlled diaphragm pump and the flow monitoring system form one functional unit. In the event of a defect, they can only be replaced together.

Versions V1 to V6 also have a switching valve that can be used to switch from sample gas supply to calibration gas supply.



The round switch in the of the housing is not visible in this image. It can be seen in the illustrations of the connections of the GMA200-MGSS/V1 (► page 10) and GMA200-MGSS/V6 (► page 11).



Version GMA200-MGSS/V1-6

Version GMA200-MGSS/V0

3.10.1 Power Supply Unit

The GMA200-MGSS has a soldered 20 W / 24 V miniature power supply (52.4 x 27.2 x 24 mm) in AC-DC module design. This product allows a universal input voltage range of UAC = 100 to 240 V. The flame-retardant plastic housing and fully potted silicone provide improved heat dissipation and meet vibration resistance requirements up to 2 G. In addition, it provides basic resistance to dust and moisture.

Its efficiency is up to 85 % and the extremely low no-load power consumption of less than 0.1 W meets the global regulation for low power consumption of electronic devices.

3.10.2 Pump

The GMA200-MGSS features a regulated, 24 V diaphragm pump with flow monitoring.

The negative pressure it generates is -40 kPa at a flow rate of 0.5 liters per minute and -30 kPa at 1 liter per minute.

Similar to the alarm thresholds for gas measurement, limit values can be set for the pump capacity to indicate an insufficient sample gas flow.

3.10.3 Flow sensor

The flow sensor continuously monitors the gas flow. Its measuring range is 0 to 1.35 slpm (standard liters per minute), where a value of 0 means that the pump is off. The specified pumping rate of the GMA200-MGSS is 0.5 slpm.

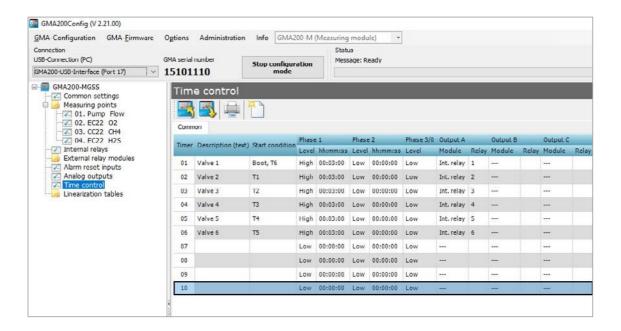
The signal of the flow sensor is output via a 4-20 mA interface and can be displayed on the GMA like any other sensor value. The flow rate is by default displayed as measuring point 1 (Pump flow).

The 3 alarm thresholds can be freely configured for capacities which are either too low or too high, using the GMA200Config software.

3.10.4 Time control, intake paths and adjustment times

The GMA200-MGSS/V0 and GMA200-MGSS/V1 versions do not require any time control, since the sample gas always comes from the same measuring point, which is continuously monitored.

For versions from GMA200-MGSS/V2 to GMA200-MGSS/V6 on the other hand, the pumping time for each measuring point must be calculated to ensure that the sensor units also have sufficient time to monitor the actual gas concentration.



The t90 response time of the sensor at 0.5 slmp flow rate plus the time required for suction from the respective suction point is decisive.

Influencing variables:

t90 response time of the CO sensor MK433*:

* other sensors deviating

starting at test gas inlet equipped with condensate separatory	15 s 24 s
equipped with condensate separator	27 3
and cooling coil	31 s
and cooming con	+
per 10 m PE hose	17 s
(4 mm inside diameter)	

Example:

GMA200-MGSS with condensate separator,

cooling coil and 70 m suction hose: 31 s + (7 x 17 s) = 150 s



ATTENTION

Determine times for each suction process during commissioning!

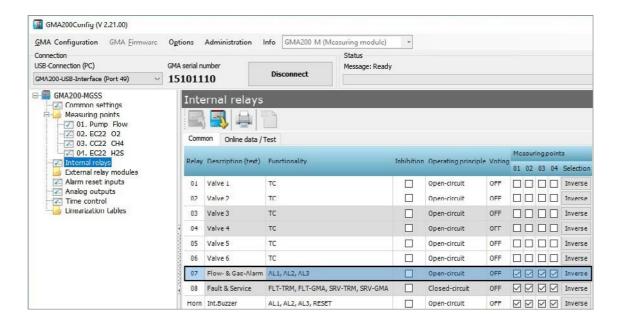
The figures are approximate values based on many years of experience. The exact time for the suction process must be determined for each measuring point during commissioning by means of a test gas application at the measuring point and the system must then be configured accordingly. The measured times must be documented.

Accordingly, the time interval must be entered under hh:mm:ss in the menu item Time control of the GMA200Config software. The circulation time for all suction points is the sum of the times for the individual suction points.

3.10.5 Switching valve

The versions GMA200-MGSS/V1 to GMA200-MGSS/V6 are equipped with a changeover valve for easier switching from sample gas to test gas. For the GMA200-MGSS/V0, the hose at the sample gas inlet must be loosened and the hose of the test gas container must be connected.

The relays for 1 measuring gas input and 1 test gas input are configured in the GMA200Config software. You can switch from sample gas to test gas with the changeover switch on the bottom of the GMA housing.



Regardless of whether test gas container is attached or not, the pump then draws in gas via the test gas inlet. If measuring point 1 is configured for the flow sensor, the information in the display changes to service mode. The yellow LED "SRV/SRQ" lights up continuously, the red LED of the service relay R7 lights up continuously and the display no longer shows the flow rate for the measuring point, but --- SRV.

After calibration or adjustment has been completed, the operating switch must be actuated again to allow the GMA200-MGSS to draw in gas again via the sample gas inlet.

3.11 Accessories (optional)

Complementary accessories are available for the GMA200-MGSS to easily adapt it to a wide range of application scenarios. Depending on the version of the GMA200-MGSS, the accessories can be mounted in, on or next to the GMA.

Accessories	Item number
Flame arrester type FA30	2203051
Condensate separator with filter element and water barrier	2203052
Cooling coil (copper)	2203053
Cooling coil (stainless steel)	on request
Mounting plate "Multi" for DIN rail mounting	on request
Mounting bracket FA30 external	on request
Mounting plate for cooling coil	on request
Mounting plate for condensate separator	on request

Other accessories on request.

4. Mounting and installation

4.1 Mounting location and housing installation

The GMA200-MGSS is designed for indoor wall mounting. This also includes mounting in appropriately suitable control cabinets.



WARNING

The devices must not be mounted in Ex zones

If gas is drawn from a hazardous area into a nonhazardousarea, you must install an E30 flame arrester!



ATTENTION

Defect due to mechanical vibrations

Mount the GMA200-MGSS in a way that ensure it is not exposed to mechanical vibrations.



WARNING

Danger due to electric shock

Only work on the device when it is free of mains voltage. Switch off all power supplies and secure them against being switched on again before starting any work.

Mount the GMA200-MGSS horizontally with the connections facing downwards. A mounting template can be found in the appendix of these operating instructions (Appendix A).

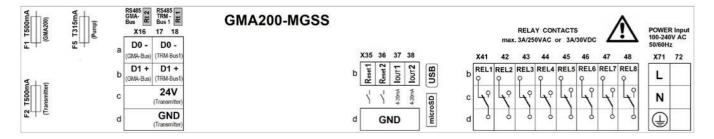
The housing is fastened with 4 pan-head screws. The diameter must be 4 to 5 mm. The diameter of the screw head must be 7 to 9.5 mm and have a flat bearing surface. If necessary, use washers.

The two upper screws must be screwed into the wall so far that there is still a gap of 3 to 4 mm for latching the housing.

The two lower screws must be tightened to a torque of approx. 1 Nm above the screw-in torque.

4.2 Electrical connections

The connection of the power supply, pump, sensor block, external pushbuttons and external transmitters is made according to the terminal assignment diagram located on the inside of the cover.



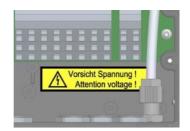
4.2.1 Safety note



DANGER

Danger due to electric shock

The electrical installation must always be carried out in compliance with DIN VDE 0100 or the corresponding national standard.



Cables with AC voltages that are dangerous to touch, e.g. 230 V, and cables with non-dangerous DC voltages, e.g. 24 V, must be laid separately from each other. The cables used must be suitable for the intended purpose.



If the cover and the housing cover of the GMA200-MGSS have to be removed or lifted during operation due to maintenance work, be aware that dangerous voltages may be present in the area of the relay connection terminals X41-48, in the area of the mains connection terminal X71 and terminals 5, 6 and 7 (PE, N, L). Do not touch these areas under any circumstances!

These areas are highlighted with warning stickers.

4.2.2 Mains connection and disconnecting device



DANGER

Danger due to electric voltage

If the GMA200-MGSS is supplied with mains voltage, it is mandatory to install a disconnecting device.

If the GMA200-MGSS is supplied with mains voltage (UAC=100 to 240 V) via the Clamp X71, a "disconnecting device" (separator) must be provided in the supply line. This separator must:

- » comply with the requirements of IEC60947-1 and IEC60947-3
- » be clearly marked as a disconnecting device of the GMA200-MGSS
- » be permanently freely accessible

The mains supply line must have a conductor cross-section of at least 0.75 mm² and be protected with an appropriate overcurrent protection device. The protective conductor must have at least the same cross-section as the L and N conductors and be connected to terminal X71d, the terminal marked with the protective conductor symbol.

4.2.3 Floating relay contacts



DANGER

Danger due to electric voltage

If the GMA200-MGSS is supplied with mains voltage, it is mandatory to install a disconnecting device.

Additional external warning devices such as warning lights, acoustic signal devices or similar can be connected to terminals X41-48 (contacts of relays 1-8). The contacts of the adjacent relays 1&2, 3&4, 5&6 as well as 7&8 may only be operated with the same voltage category.

Voltages dangerous to touch (e.g. UAC=230 V) and protective extra-low voltages (e.g. UDC=24 V) must not be connected together to these adjacent relays.

4.2.4 Connection of transmitters with digital interface (RS-485)

Transmitters with a digital interface can be connected to terminals X17-18 (TRM bus1). Four connection terminals (GND, 24V, DO-, D1+) are available for the transmitter bus.

However, the total current consumption of all connected transmitters must not exceed 2.4 A. For detailed information, please refer to the operation manuals of the connected transmitters. The wire cross-section depends on the current consumption of the transmitters and the length of the cable.

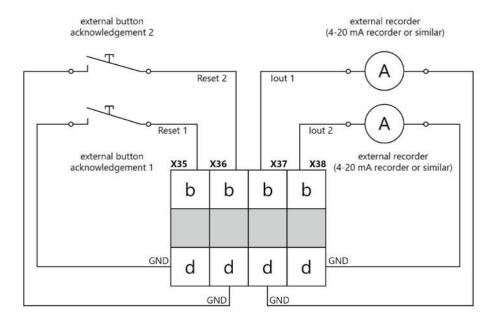
There are two red slide switches on the motherboard located behind the terminals X17 and X18. They can be used to connect a 120 Ohm terminating resistor for each of the bus connections when the GMA is connected to the end of the line (factory setting: TRM bus1=ON; GMA bus=OFF). The bus assignment of these slide switches can be found on the label on the inside of the cover.

4.2.5 Use of the alarm acknowledgement inputs (Reset1+2)

There are two acknowledgement inputs (Reset1, Reset2) at terminals X35b and X36b which can be freely configured to connect external push buttons. If the reset input is configured accordingly, the alarm is acknowledged on an edge change in the direction of GND.



For details on the functionality, refer to section 5.4.7.3 Main menu > Test > Test ext. AL-Reset (► page 64).



4.2.6 Use of 4-20 mA current outputs

Two freely configurable 4-20 mA current outputs (lout1, lout2) are located at terminals X37b and X38b (see image above). External recording devices or recorderscan be connected to these outputs against GND.

4.3 Commissioning

The commissioning process can be started after you have completed assembling the GMA200-MGSS with all extensions and hoses, any external transmitters as well as all additional control modules and after the power supply has been ensured.

In accordance with national regulations, gas warning devices must be tested for function by a qualified person after installation but before measurement operation is started (initial commissioning). In Germany, this is regulated by "DGUV Information 213-056 (Leaflet T 021 Section 8.1)" and "DGUV Information 213-057 (Leaflet T 023 Section 8.1)". Observe the applicable standards and regulations of the place of installation!

5. Notes on operation

5.1 Keypad and operation

The GMA200-MGSS features 5 push buttons:





menu are explained below.







The function of these buttons in measuring mode and in the main menu or service

Use the UP and DOWN buttons to move up and down in the menus.

When entering characters, scroll forward or backward through the available characters.

When entering values, scroll up or down through the possible values.

Use the RIGHT and LEFT buttons to move one detail level lower or higher. When entering characters, jump to the next or previous entry point. When entering values, jump to the next or previous entry point.

The RESET/MENU button has the following functions depending on the operating state and menu:

Operating status	Action	Function
Measuring mode	press for 3 s	activates the main menu
Alarm	press	acknowledges latching alarms silences the audible alarm for non-latching alarms
Main menu	press	confirms entered characters or values and jumps to the next item/confirms the entry
Service menu	press	confirms entered characters or values and jumps to the next item/confirms the entry

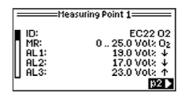
5.2 Measuring mode

The regular measuring mode of the GMA200-MGSS controller is reached approx. 30 s after switching on the power supply. When changing from the start-up phase to the measuring mode, the display switches from a red backlight to the normal green backlight.

Depending on the sensor units and transmitter types and their adjustment time, the display shows "SRT" at the respective measuring points during the start-up phase. Typically, the start-up time is between 1 and 2 minutes, depending on the sensor in the sensor block or the connected transmitter.

In normal measuring mode, only the ON operating indicator is lit green. All other LEDs are off. The configured measuring points with their current measured values are displayed.

5.2.1 Measuring ranges and tolerance band (deadband)



Measuring range MR for O2

The measuring ranges of the connected sensors can be viewed the main menu. Main menu > Info measuring points > MR:

For a better overview, the details of the configured measuring ranges with:

- » longer range value
- » tolerance band
- » resolutions

are documented on the "Measuring point overview" page of the supplied GMA200 configuration.

The tolerance band suppresses minor fluctuations in the measured value. In the case of processor-controlled transmitters with digital output signal (e.g. CS22, EC22, CC28), these fluctuations are already suppressed by the transmitter. The tolerance band can be deactivated directly at the transmitter in these cases.



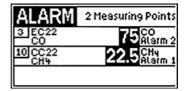
For more information on the measuring range, tolerance band, and resolution of the sensor units, refer to section 3.9.5 Sensor specifications (> page 31).

For more detailed information on the measuring range, tolerance band and resolution of external transmitters, please refer to the operation manuals of the respective transmitters.

5.2.2 Alarms

Three alarm thresholds can be configured for each measuring point within the measuring range.

When the alarm thresholds are exceeded or undershot, the corresponding red alarm LEDs "AL1", "AL2", "AL3" (current alarm level) and the integrated visual and acoustic alarm are activated.

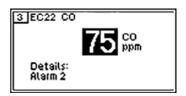


The alarm screen with a red backlight is then activated. The measured values that triggered the alarm are displayed in inverted colors.

In addition to the gas concentration, the triggered alarm status (Alarm 1, Alarm 2, Alarm 3) of the respective measuring point is shown in the display.

1	20.9 %⊌	5	20.9%
2	0.5 CHY	e	0.0 SOS
3]	75 80 ₂	7	0 NH3 mqq
4	0.0H2\$	8	ONH3 madd

1 Pump Flow Rate 0.51 Stpm 2 EC22 **20.9**‰



Once acknowledged, this information is also available in the overview and individual screens. If more than 4 measuring points are displayed, the exceeded alarm threshold is displayed in a shortened form ("AL1", "AL2", "AL3").

The configured relays and the relay LEDs "R1"-"R6" are also activated (typical configuration).

5.2.2.1 Alarm configuration

The settings listed below can be configured for each measuring point using the GMA200Config software:

- » Alarm threshold Alarm 1
- » Alarm threshold Alarm 2
- » Alarm threshold Alarm 3
- » Alarm exceeding, latching
- » Alarm exceeding, non-latching
- » Alarm undershot, latching
- » Alarm undershot, non-latching
- » Alarm with switch-on delay (up to max 3 min)
- » Alarm with switch-off delay (up to max 60 min)

The 3 alarm thresholds can also be changed in the GMA200MGSS's menu: Main menu > Service menu > Measuring points > Alarm thresholds

5.2.2.2 Acknowledging alarms (RESET)



For a description of the behavior of the alarm LEDs before and after acknowledging an alarm, please refer to section 3.1.2 Status LEDs (► page 22).

Non-latching alarm:

A non-latching alarm is automatically reset at gas concentrations below (above) the alarm threshold. The assigned relay(s) are then also automatically deactivated.

Latching alarm:

A latching alarm will persist at gas concentrations below (above) the alarm thresholds.

The alarm and the assigned relay(s) can be acknowledged only after the measured values have fallen back below (exceeded) the alarm threshold. This can be done either via RESET button on the controller or via external buttons if the reset inputs are configured accordingly.

Acknowledgeable alarm relay:

Relays can also be configured to be acknowledgeable. This configuration is reserved exclusively in connection with acoustic and/or visual alarm devices.

This can be done using either the RESET button on the controller or external buttons, if the reset inputs have been configured accordingly.

5.2.3 Functions of the data logger

An optional data logger is available for the GMA200-MGSS. It can also be retrofitted at any time if it was not ordered when the GMA was purchased. Please contact your sales or service representative if you would like to retrofit the data logger.

If the GMA200-MGSS features a data logger, it can be used to store the measured values of all measuring points on a FAT(FAT16)-formatted microSD card.

The measured values are always saved in a mean value file with a configured recording interval and a configured file refresh. In this file, in addition to the mean values, the minimum and maximum values for each measuring point are also stored for each interval, so that no essential information is lost even with longer recording intervals. (The factory setting of the interval is 5 min).

Once an alarm is triggered, in addition the current readings of all measuring points are stored in an alarm file. Usually, this recording interval is shorter. The factory setting is 10 s.

The data logger is configured with the GMA200Config software. The recording intervals for both file types can be set as follows:

Mean value file: 5/10/15/20/30 s or 1/2/3/5/10/15/20/30/60 min
 Alarm file: 5/10/15/20/30/60 s

The measured values are saved under a calendar file name depending on the configuration. The time for creating new files can be configured as follows:

» daily (file name: year-month/day/type*) e.g. 13-0622M.txt
 » weekly (file name: year-W/cw/type*) e.g. 13-W24M.txt
 » monthly (file name: year-month/type*) e.g. 13-06M.txt
 » annual (file name: year-00/type*) e.g. 13-00M.txt

*either M = mean value or A = current values at alarm

The SD card must be removed to read out the data.



ATTENTION

Potential loss of data and/or corrupted files

Stop data recording before removing the SD card

- » Press RESET/MENU for 3 s. This will take you to the main menu
- » Scroll down to the menu item Status Data Logger
- Confirm the selection with RESET/MENU
- Stop REC is displayed in the center of the bottom line. Stop the recording by pressing the RESET/MENU key.



The position of operating notes in the display (left, center, right) corresponds to the function keys LEFT, RESET/MENU, RIGHT.

This applies to all GfG devices with display. As a rule, the function keys are located directly below the note. On the GMA200-MGSS, they are located to the right of the display.

After reading out the SD card, insert it back into the microSD slot.

The display now reads Start REC. Launch the data recording by pressing the RESET/MENU button.

If the recording is not restarted manually, the GMA200-MGSS initiates an automatic restart of the recording 15 min after the recording has stopped. If no SDcard is inserted at that time, a maintenance request is triggered.

To avoid this, switch off the data logger if you are expecting the SDcard to be removed for more than 15 minutes. You can do so in the data logger menu of the service menu.

Main Menu > Service Menu > Data Logger > LOG-REC: OFF



For more information on configuring the data logger, see section 5.5.2 Service menu > Data logger (► page 66).

5.2.4 Service requests



The following information applies equally to sensor units and transmitters. In the following texts however, they will be summarized as "transmitters" for reasons of readability.

A maintenance request (SRQ) can be triggered during normal measuring operation. In this case, the yellow LED "SRV/SRQ" flashes and a corresponding message appears in the display.

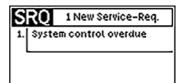
Relays can optionally be parameterized to activate when maintenance is requested. The maintenance request does not influence regular measuring operation. The SRQ message in the display can be acknowledged by pressing the RESET/MENU button.

The message can still be displayed via the Main Menu > Status GMA > Service Request. A service request can be triggered for several reasons:

Service requests of the GMA

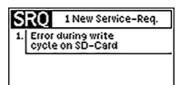
Service Request

Cause and remedy



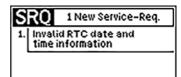
In this case, the deadline for the next system check, which usually has to be performed once a year, has been exceeded.

Remedy: A system check should be performed as soon as possible. The date for the system check can only be changed using the GMA200Config software.



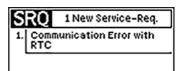
An error occurred when writing to the SD card, so the data logger is no longer recording any data. The cause may be a defect in the SDcard itself or its contacting. However, it is also possible that the SDcard was removed without (permanently)stopping the data recording.

Remedy: Remove the card and read out and save the data on a computer. Afterward, format the SD card with FAT and insert it again or replace it completely if necessary.



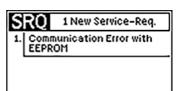
Date and time are invalid in the clock module of the GMA200. This indicates that the buffer battery of the clock module is empty or not properly contacted, so that when the GMA200 is switched off, the clock module cannot continue to operate and thus the date and time are lost.

Remedy: Set the date and time in the service menu. If the error persists, contact the GfG service team (to replace the GMA200). The battery cannot be changed.



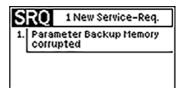
Date and time cannot be read by the clock module. This indicates a hardware defect on the mainboard of the GMA200. However, the acquisition of measured values and evaluation run independently of this time information.

Remedy: Set the date and time in the service menu. If the error persists, contact the GfG service team (to replace the GMA200).



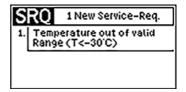
The GMA200 can no longer communicate with the external EEPROM. This means that the data stored in the second parameter memory (e.g. designation texts) cannot be accessed. Thus, there is also no backup copy of the parameters available in the RAM.

Remedy: If this service request is still displayed as current in the main menu, contact the GfG service team (to replace the GMA200).



The parameters stored in the backup copy are faulty. Even copying the parameters from the RAM to the backup copy did not eliminate this error.

Remedy: If this service request is still displayed as current in the main menu, contact the GfG service team (to replace the GMA200).



SRO 1 New Service-Req. Temperature out of valid Range (T>85°C)

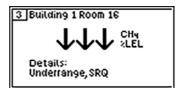
Temperature on the main board of the GMA is outside the permissible range (T < -30 °C) or (T > 85 °C). If the current temperature is not outside the limits, this indicates a hardware defect on the GMA's mainboard. If the temperature falls below -30 °C, the measured values in the display are also updated much more slowly.

Remedy: Normalize temperature influence or, if necessary, call GfG service team (to replace the GMA).

Service requests of sensor unit and transmitter

Service Request

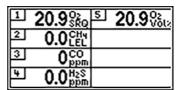
3 Building 1 Room 16 Details: Underrange, SRQ



Cause and remedy

At the transmitter, the signal zero point has drifted away negatively, so the measuring range of the transmitter has been significantly undercut (Underrange typically < -5 % from measuring range).

Remedy: The zero point of the transmitter should be adjusted.



1 Building 1 Room 15 20.9 % Details: SRQ

Maintenance requests of a transmitter with digital RS-485 interface. In this example, the sensor must be replaced because it will soon be used up. A corresponding notification or signal is displayed on the transmitter.

Remedy: Contact the GfG service team (to replace sensor if necessary).

5.3 Special states

The GMA200-MGSS can assume various special states.

5.3.1 System startup



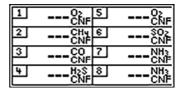


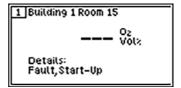
When you start the system, the device will display the GfG logo and device name as well as the version number of the bootloader, followed by the version number of the mainboard firmware.

The GMA performs various internal self-tests during this time. After these internal tests have been completed, it will perform a short test of the display, all

During the entire time, the yellow "FLT/GMA" fault LED is lit and the relays are de-energized.

5.3.2 Startup (adjustment time)





The connected transmitters usually require some adjustment time. To allow digital transmitters to start up on their own, the GMA200 will wait for 30 seconds after powering up before it addresses transmitters with digital RS-485 interfaces.

Depending on the connected transmitter, the start-up time may vary within a range of a few seconds to a few minutes. During this time, the display shows "SRT" or "Fault, start-up" for the individual measuring points. Depending on the transmitter type and sensor type, they may enter normal measurement mode at different times. During this time, an appropriately configured current output will emit 1.6 mA. The relays behave according to the configured functionality and the fault relay is de-energized. The yellow fault LED "FLT/TRM" is lit and only turns off when all measuring points are ready for operation.

5.3.3 Fault

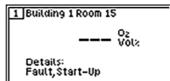
A distinction is made between fault notifications for transmitter / measuring point faults (yellow LED "FLT/TRM") and GMA controller faults (yellow LED "FLT/GMA").

In the event of a fault, the respective yellow LED lights up statically, the corresponding fault relay is de-energized and the correspondingly configured current output emits either 1.2 mA or approx. 0 mA, depending on the cause of the fault. Fault notifications are non-latching.

Fault notifications from sensor units and transmitters

Fault (FLT/TRM)

Cause and remedy



In this case the transmitter is in its start-up phase. During this time, the sensor adjusts or is warmed up. This adjustment time depends on the transmitter and sensor and can take several minutes.

Remedy: Simply wait until the process is completed.



In this case the sensor signal in the transmitter has exceeded the measuring range of the transmitter electronics. The cause could be a very high gas concentration at the transmitter or a gas with a very high cross-sensitivity. It is also possible that the sensor or the transmitter electronics are defective.

Remedy: If you have ensured that it is not a high gas concentration or an interfering gas, the transmitter must be checked. Refer to the operating manual of the transmitter.



In this case the sensor signal in the transmitter has significantly exceeded the transmitter measuring range (usually > 112 %). The cause could be a very high gas concentration at the transmitter or a gas with a very high cross-sensitivity. It is also possible that the sensor or the transmitter electronics are defective.

Remedy: If you have ensured that it is not a high gas concentration or an interfering gas, then the transmitter must be checked. Refer to the operating manual of the transmitter.

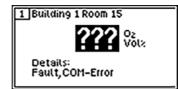


In this case the sensor signal in the transmitter has clearly fallen below the transmitter measuring range (usually < -7.5 %). It is possible that a gas with a negative cross-sensitivity is present at the measuring point or that the zero point signal has drifted away due to aging of the sensor or due to environmental influences.

Remedy: Refer to the operating manual of the transmitter.

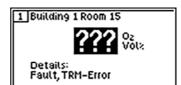


In this case the sensor signal in the transmitter has even fallen below the measuring range of the transmitter electronics. A gas with a negative crosssensitivity may present at the measuring point or the zero point signal could have drifted away due to aging of the sensor or environmental influences. **Remedy:** Refer to the operating manual of the transmitter.



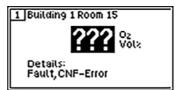
In this case there is a communication problem between the GMA and a transmitter. The cause could be a missing voltage supply of the transmitter, an incorrect bus assignment, an incorrectly set bus address or baud rate at the GMA or at the transmitter. It could also be a break in the communication line within the hardware, or the cables could have been connected incorrectly. However, a defect in the transmitter could also have led to this fault.

Remedy: Check the voltage supply of the transmitter, the correct bus assignment, the settings of the bus addresses and baud rates and correct them if necessary. Check bus cabling and correct if necessary.



In this case, there is a malfunction of the digital transmitter. It is possible that the supply voltage of the transmitter is too low or too high or the transmitter itself is defective.

Remedy: Check the voltage supply of the transmitter and, if necessary, check the transmitter itself. Refer to the operating manual of the corresponding transmitter.



In this case the configuration in the GMA does not match the configuration of the connected transmitter. There may be differences in the gas type, the gas unit, the measuring range or the number of decimal places. However, it is possible that only the assignment of the transmitter is not correct due to an incorrectly set bus address.

Remedy: Check for correct transmitter assignment and bus address. Check whether the measuring range setting on the transmitter is correct and modify it if necessary. Otherwise adjust the configuration of the measuring point in the GMA.

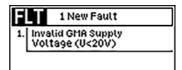


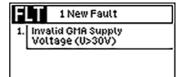
Observe the instructions in the operating manuals of the connected transmitters.

These are considered applicable documents.

GMA fault messages

Fault (FLT/GMA)



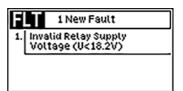


Cause and remedy

If the GMA is **only supplied by the PC via the USB cable** for configuration, the message "Impermissible GMA supply voltage (U < 20 V)" is always displayed together with the message "Impermissible relay supply voltage (U < 18.2 V)". This is normal

Otherwise the supply voltage of the GMA200 is too low (U < 20 V) or too high (U > 30 V). The cause could be a defective power supply unit.

Remedy: For normal operation, check the voltage supply and the contact GfG service team if necessary.



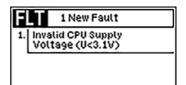
1 New Fault

1. Invalid Relay Supply
Voltage (U>19.5V)

If the GMA is **only supplied by the PC via the USB cable** for configuration, the message "Inadmissible relay supply voltage (U < 18.2 V)" is always displayed together with the message "Inadmissible GMA supply voltage (U < 20 V)". This is normal.

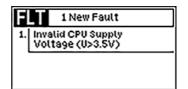
If the impermissible relay supply voltage is reported alone, because the voltage supply of the internal relays and the current outputs is too low (U < 18.2 V) or too high (U > 19.5 V), this indicates a defect of the GMA200.

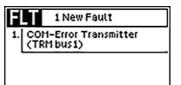
Remedy: Contact the GfG service team.



The voltage supply of the internal electronics is too low (U < 3.1 V) or too high (U > 3.5 V). This indicates a defect of the GMA200.

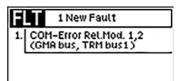
Remedy: Contact the GfG service team.





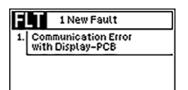
Communication error between the GMA200-MGSS and a transmitter on the TRM bus1. The cause could be a missing power supply of the transmitter, an incorrect bus assignment, an incorrectly set bus address or baud rate at the GMA or at the transmitter. It could also be a break in the communication line within the hardware, or the cables could have been connected incorrectly. However, a defect in the transmitter could also have led to the malfunction.

Remedy: Check the voltage supply of the transmitter, the correct bus assignment, the settings of the bus addresses and baud rates and correct them if necessary. Check bus cabling and correct if necessary.



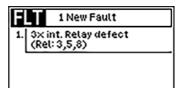
Communication error between the GMA200-MGSS and external relay modules GMA200-R. In this case, there should be one relay module on the GMA bus and one relay module on the TRM bus1. The cause could be the missing power supply of the relay modules, incorrectly set baud rates or bus addresses at the GMA200-M or at the GMA200-R. The relay modules could simply have been swapped here, for example. There could also be a hardware interruption in the communication line or the lines could have been connected the wrong way

Remedy: Check the power supply of the relay modules, correct device assignment, the setting of the bus addresses and baud rates and set them correctly if necessary. Check bus cabling and correct if necessary.



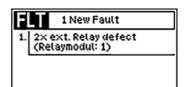
The internal communication between mainboard and display board is disrupted. The most likely cause is a defect in the ribbon cable that connects the two circuit boards. A defect on one of the two circuit boards is also possible.

Remedy: Contact the GfG team service and replace the ribbon cable if necessary.



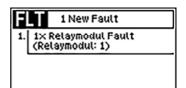
The switching function may no longer be executed on the corresponding internal relays. This can be caused by a defect in the relay, a contact problem on the mainboard or a defect in the monitoring circuit.

Remedy: If the error occurs again after a reboot, the GMA200 must be replaced.



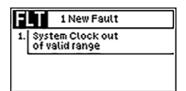
The switching function may no longer be executed at the relays of the external relay module GMA200-RT/-RTD. This may be caused by a defect in the relay, a contact problem on the relay board or a defect in the monitoring circuit.

Remedy: If the error occurs again after rebooting the external relay module, the relay module must be replaced.



A GMA200-RT/-RTD external relay module is signaling a fault. There can be many different reasons for this (e.g. incorrect supply voltages, defective program memory, defective data memory, defective parameter memory, etc.) Remedy: If the external relay module has a display, it will display information to

localize the fault. If it does not have a display, you should first check its supply voltage and then, if necessary, establish a connection with the GMA200Config software via the USB port. If the cause cannot be found and eliminated, the external relay module must be replaced.



The system clock of the GMA200 is too fast or too slow or the reference clock is faulty. The cause is a hardware defect on the mainboard. This may also disrupt communication via the RS-485 buses and the USB interface.

Remedy: The GMA200 must be replaced.



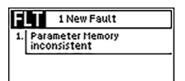
A malfunction was detected when checking the external monitoring module on the mainboard.

Remedy: If the error still occurs after rebooting the GMA200, the GMA200 must be replaced.



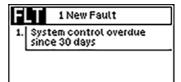
There is incorrect data stored in the parameters in the RAM, which cannot be corrected automatically due to a hardware defect on the mainboard.

Remedy: If the error still occurs after rebooting the GMA200, the GMA200 must be replaced.



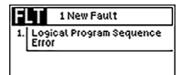
Even though the parameters in the RAM and in the backup copy are each correct, they have different values. This may have been caused by a power failure during a configuration change.

Remedy: The parameters are saved from the RAM to the backup copy by simply acknowledging this message. The then valid configuration can be checked with the Software GMA200Config and corrected if necessary.



The fault was triggered because the deadline for the system check has been exceeded by at least 30 days. The fact that a fault was triggered for this reason has been optionally configured.

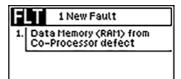
Remedy: Perform system check and set new date for next system check.



The normal program sequence is disrupted so it is no longer possible to guarantee the GMA200 is functioning correctly.

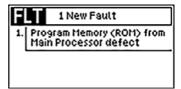
There might be a defect on the mainboard or the display board.

Remedy: The GMA200 automatically reboots 3 s after this error occurs. If this erroris reported again, the GMA200 must be replaced.



The RAM of the secondary processor on the display board is defective.

Remedy: If the error occurs again after a reboot, the GMA200 must be replaced.



The software within the program memory of the main processor on the mainboard is faulty.

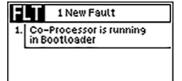
Remedy: The GMA200 automatically reboots 3 s after this error occurs. If the check of the program memory by the bootloader results in another error, a firmware update must be carried out by a service technician. If the error cannot be eliminated by the update, the GMA200 must be replaced.



New Fault
 Program Memory (ROM) from Co-Processor defect

The software within the program memory of the secondary processor on the display board is faulty.

Remedy: If the error still occurs after a reboot and cannot be eliminated by a firmware update by a service technician, then the GMA200 must be replaced.



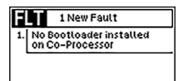
After a reboot, the slave processor on the display board only runs in the bootloaderbecause the program of the slave processor is faulty.

Remedy: If the error still occurs after rebooting the GMA200, a firmware update of the processor on the display board must be performed with the GMA200Config software.



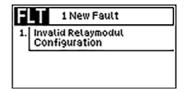
The bootloader of the main processor on the mainboard does not work properly due to a memory defect or was not installed correctly.

Remedy: If the error still occurs after rebooting the GMA, the GMA must be replaced.



The bootloader of the secondary processor on the display board does not work properlydue to a memory defect or was not installed correctly.

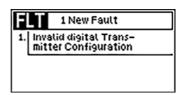
Remedy: If the error still occurs after rebooting the GMA, the GMA must be replaced.



The configuration for an external relay module is invalid for at least one of the following reasons:

- » Although the TRM buses are not configured as a ring at "General" > "Bus communication", the TRM ring bus was configured at the bus connection for the external relay module.
- » Although the setting of the GMA bus address at "General" > "Bus communication" is not equal to zero (no MASTER), the GMA bus was configured at the bus connection for the external relay module.
- » Several external relay modules on the same bus are assigned the same bus address.

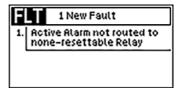
Remedy: Check and correct the configuration for the external relay modules using the GMA200Config software. If necessary, contact the GfG service team.



The configuration for transmitters with a digital interface is invalid for at least one of the following reasons:

- » Although the TRM buses are not configured as a ring at "General" > "Bus communication", the TRM ring bus was configured at the digital interface of a transmitter.
- » Several digital transmitters have the same bus address on the same bus assigned.

Remedy: Check and correct the configuration for measuring points with digital interface using the GMA200Config software. If necessary, contact the GfG service team.



Invalid relay or alarm configuration. An alarm has been configured at a measuring point which is not linked to any relay.

Remedy: Check and correct the relay configuration or the alarm configuration for all measuring points using the GMA200Config software. If necessary, contact GfG service.



yellow LED "FLT/GMA"

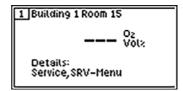
is lit, although no fault is displayed at "Status GMA" If the GMA200 works properly but the yellow fault LED "FLT/GMA" is permanently lit and does not go out even during the LED test, then the ribbon cable between the mainboard and the display board may be defective. A defect on one of the two circuit boards is also possible.

Remedy: Contact GfG service and replace the ribbon cable if necessary.

5.3.4 Maintenance

Maintenance mode is signaled when the safety function of the GMA200 is only available to a limited extent or not at all due to deliberate intervention by a user or service personnel. In any case, maintenance is indicated by the yellow "SRV/SQR" LED being lit statically and the maintenance relay activating. Maintenance operation may be caused by the following:

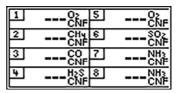
Maintenance on a sensor unit or transmitter

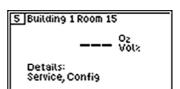




In case of transmitters with a digital interface (bus), the GMA is notified that maintenance work is being carried out on the transmitter. Depending on the display mode, either "SRV" is displayed below the gas type or, in individual view, "Service" is displayed in combination with "SRV menu", "Zero" or "Span". Normally, no measured value is displayed in this case. An additional measured value is only displayed view during the zero point adjustment (Zero)and sensitivity adjustment (Span) in individual view.

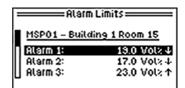
Maintenance on the GMA

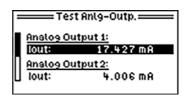




Changing the configuration with the GMA200Config software

- » Locking measuring points or relays
- » Changes to the measuring point or relay configuration
- » Changes to the overall GMA configuration
- » Relay test of internal relays or on external relay modules





Changing the configuration using the service menu of the GMA200

- » Changing the alarm thresholds of measuring points
- » Changing the BUS settings
- » Locking at least one measuring point (INH = inhibit)
- » Locking at least one relay
- » Relay test of internal relays or those on external relay modules

> Depending on which cause led to the maintenance operation, only part of the safety function of the GMA200 may have been cancelled at that moment. If applicable, the safety function of the GMA200 is still intact for the unaffected parts.

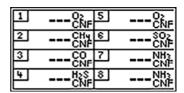
> Not until all causes for the maintenance operation have been eliminated, however, does the yellow "SRV/SRQ" LED turn off again and the maintenance relay is deactivated.

5.3.5 Configuration by parameterization

You can only make limited changes to GMA200's configuration on the device itself, by changing parameters via the service menu.



For details, refer to section 5.5 Service menu (► page 64).



However, the GMA200 can be fully configured using a computer and the GMA200Config configuration software. Connect them with a USB cable. Once the configuration software has established a connection with the GMA200, you can no longer operate it from the service menu.

While the configuration of the GMA200 is being changed using the configuration software, CNF is displayed for all measuring points in the displays. During this configuration phase, the special state "Maintenance" is activated as well.



For details, refer to section *5.3.4 Maintenance* (► page 57).

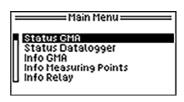
When the configuration via the configuration software is completed, the GMA200 automatically returns to normal measuring mode.

5.4 Main Menu

You can navigate the main menu with the GMA200-MGSS's push buttons.



For details, refer to section 5.1 Keyboard and operation (► page 43). The dialogues described below apply to display language "English".



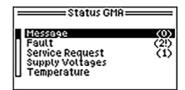
The main menu is divided into:

- » Status GMA
- » Status Datalogger
- » Info GMA
- » Info Measuring Points
- » Info Relay
- » Info Analog Outputs
- » Tests (Test LC display, LED/Horn, external button)
- » Service Menu (password protected) For details, refer to section 5.5 Service menu (► page 64).

Press RIGHT to go back from the main menu to the measured value displays in measuring mode.



5.4.1 Main Menu > Status GMA



The Status GMA menu item is divided as follows:

- » Message
- » Fault
- » Service Request
- » Supply Voltages
- » Temperature

The values in parentheses for message, fault and service request represent the number of items of information that can be called up. The "!" after the value is a sign for messages, faults and maintenance requirements that are still active at that moment. If there is no "!" after the value, it is a stored information, which does not concern a current state.

In the supply voltages menu item, the supply voltages Upwr1 and Upwr2 of the GMA are displayed, at least one of which should typically be at 24 V or in the range of 20 to 30 V.

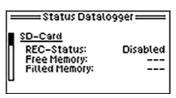
Furthermore, the supply voltage for the internal relays "Urel", which should typically be 18.8 V or in the range of 18.2 to 19.5 V, as well as the supply voltage of the CPU "Ucpu", which typically should be 3.3 V respectively in the range of 3.1 to 3.5 V, are displayed.

The Temperature menu item displays the temperature measured within the device, which is always slightly higher than the ambient temperature at the GMA, depending on the level of activity of the internal relays, the electronics and the power supply.

5.4.2 Main menu > Data logger

2D-Card REC-Status:

Free Memory: Filled Memory:



You can stop or restart the data logging function in this menu.

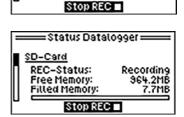


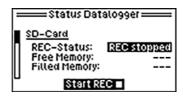


ATTENTION

Possible loss of data and/or corrupted files

Stop data recording before removing the SD card.





Record stopped

Make sure you have stopped the recording before removing the memory card. All data on the memory card may be lost if you do not do this.

Record started The data logger is an optional function of the GMA200-MGSS. It can be retrofitted at any time if you did not order it when you purchased the GMA. Please contact your sales or service representative if you would like to retrofit the data logger.

Datalogger not available

5.4.3 Main Menu > Info GMA

==Info GMA= GMA-Type: FW-Version: SN: Time: GMA200-MT16 2.10 12111927 10:17:08 Jul/12/2018 Date:

The following information is displayed at Info GMA:

(device type) » GMA-Type

» FW-Version (firmware version)

(serial number)

» Current time of the clock module

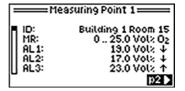
» Current date of the clock module

» GMA bus mode for operation as master or GMA bus address for operation as slave

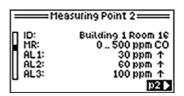
» Set baud rate of GMA bus and TRM bus1

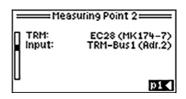


5.4.4 Main Menu > Info Measuring Points



Use this menu item to check the parameterization of the transmitters. You cannot change any parameters. Several examples are provided on the left.





No active **Measuring Points**

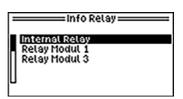
Minor adjustments are possible. However, more complex changes, such as adding or removing measuring points, are only possible using the GMA200Config configuration software.



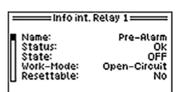
For more information on configuring the data logger, refer to section 5.5.3 Service menu > Data logger (► page 67).

5.4.5 Main Menu > Info Relay

Internal relays



Use the Info Relays menu to access information about the 8 internal relays and, if applicable, connected relay modules.

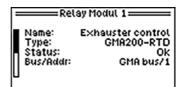




External relay modules

____Info Relay___ Internal Relay Relay Modul 1 Relay Modul 3

Information on the external relay module and its individual relays can then be called up at "Relay module X".





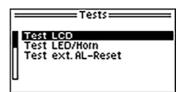


5.4.6 Main Menu > Info Analog Outputs

=== Info Analog Outputs=== Analog Output 1: MSP01 - Building 1 Room 15 Analog Output 2: Disabled

On the GMA200-MGSS, both entries in this menu always say Inactive.

5.4.7 Main menu > Tests



Use the Tests menu to run a test of the LC display, all LEDs or the internal horn. Additionally, "Test ext.AL-Reset" can be used to check whether the external buttons (acknowledgement) are functioning correctly.

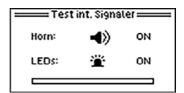
5.4.7.1 Main menu > Tests > Test LCD



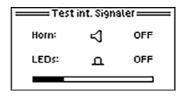
After the device is switched on, a test of the display will start automatically. This test can also be triggered manually in this menu. If any defects are detected, replace the unit.



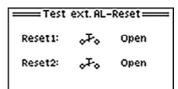
5.4.7.2 Main menu > Tests > Test int. Signaler



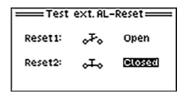
After switching on the device, a test of the LEDs and the horn starts automatically. This test can be triggered manually here. If any defects are detected, replace the unit.



5.4.7.3 Main menu > Tests > Test ext. AL-Reset



Use this menu to check whether the inputs for external alarm acknowledgements are working. For this purpose, terminal X35c (Reset1) or terminal X36 (Reset2) must be bridged with terminal X35d (GND).



If the terminals are bridged, for example by pressing the push button, the status of Reset1 or Reset2 will change from "Open" to "Closed".

5.4.8 Main Menu > Service Menu



Some configuration settings can also be changed in the service menu.



For detailed information, refer to section 5.5. Service menu (► page 64).

5.5 Service Menu



ATTENTION

Locked access to the service menu

Access to the service menu is locked as long as the GMA200-MGSS is connected to the GMA200Config software. The connection must be terminated first. Conversely, the GMA200Config software cannot connect to the GMA200 if the service menu has already been activated on the GMA200.



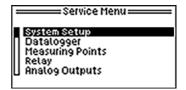
Access to this menu is password protected for security reasons. The password is set to "0000" by default at delivery. It can be changed in the service menu.



WARNING

Unauthorized access to the settings of the GMA

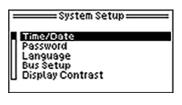
Change the preset password upon commissioning (at the latest) to prevent unauthorized access and accidental changes to the settings.



The service menu is divided into:

- 1. System Setup
- 2. Datalogger
- 3. Measuring Points
- 4. Relay
- 5. Analog Outputs

5.5.1 Service Menu > System Setup



____System Setup == Password Language Bus Setup Display Contrast Horn Volume

The system settings are subdivided into 6 additional sub-items:

- 1. Time/Date
- 2. Password
- 3. Language
- 4. Bus Setup
- 5. Display Contrast
- 6. Horn Volume

5.5.1.1 Service Menu > System Setup > Time/Date

=Time/Date= Time: 10:42:52 Date: Jul/12/2018 MMM/DD/YYYY Format:

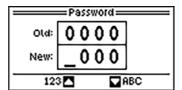
This menu allows you to change:

- » Time
- » Date
- » Format (DD.MMM.YYYY or YYYY-MM-DD)

In the DD.MMM.YYYY representation the months' names are abbreviated, For example: January = JAN.

In the YYYY.MM.DD representation the months are represented as digits, thus 01 = January.

5.5.1.2 Service Menu > System Setup > Password



The password for access to the "Service menu" can be changed alphanumerically

Lowercase letters, uppercase letters and the digits 0 to 9 are available.



Please note: If the password is no longer known, it can only be read out and changed using the GMA200Config configuration software.

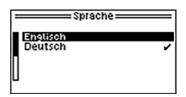


ATTENTION

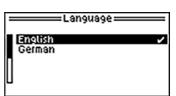
Password forgotten or changed

If the password has been accidentally changed or is no longer known, it can only be read out and changed using the GMA200Config configuration software.

5.5.1.3 Service Menu > System Setup > Language



This menu allows you to set the device language to either English or German (or English and French, depending on your device).



Default setting DE/EN = German Default setting EN/FR = English

5.5.1.4 Service Menu > System Setup > Bus Setup



This menu allows you to change various bus settings.

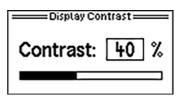
If "GMA bus mode" is set to "Master" is set, then only the baud rates for the two buses can be changed. In master mode, the bus address for the GMA bus cannot be set. The mode can only be changed using the GMA200Config software.

If the GMA200 is not in master mode on the GMA bus, the bus address can be changed in the range of 1 to 247 at "GMA Bus Addr:".

The baud rates of the two buses can be set as follows:

- » GMA bus baud: 9600 / 19200 / 38400 / 57600 / 115200 / 230400 Bit/s (Default = 115200 Bit/s)
- » TRM bus1 baud: 9600 / 19200 / 38400 Bit/s (Default = 19200 Bit/s)

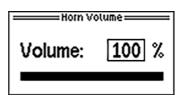
5.5.1.5 Service Menu > System Setup > Display Contrast



The contrast of the LC display can be adjusted in 5 % increments in a range of 0 % to 100 % to suit the conditions on site.

(Default = 40 %).

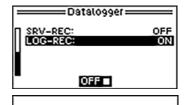
5.5.1.6 Service Menu > System Setup > Horn Volume



This menu allows you to set the volume of the internal horn in 5 % increments in a range from 0 % to 100 %.

(Default = 50 %).

5.5.2 Service Menu > Datalogger

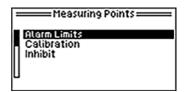


SRV-REC allows you to start recording data on the microSD card for service purposes for a maximum of 8 hours. You can also manually stop the recording again.

Record started Data logging for **s**ervice purposes works even if the GMA does not possess a data logger (file name: *S.txt). However, an appropriately formatted microSD card is required.

Record stopped LOG-REC lets you switch the data recording of the normal data logger on or off.

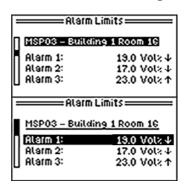
5.5.3 Service Menu > Measuring Points



The Measuring Points menu consists of:

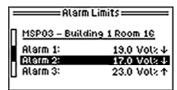
- 1. Alarm Limits
- 2. Fine adjustment
- 3. Inhibit

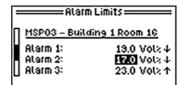
5.5.3.1 Service Menu > Measuring Points > Alarm Limits



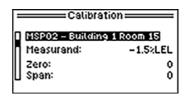
The alarm limits menu allows you to set the limit values for Alarm 1, Alarm 2 and Alarm 3 within the measuring range.

If an alarm threshold is set to 0.0 (zero), then the alarm is turned off. Whether an alarm is triggered when the measured values exceed or fall below this value is indicated by the arrow behind the gas unit.





5.5.3.2 Service Menu > Measuring Points > Calibration



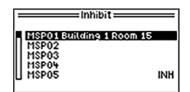
The pump flow sensor is the only analog sensor that can be displayed on the GMA200-MGSS.

The flow rate is displayed under the measuring point.

====Calibration= MST01 - Pump Flow 0.51slpm Measurand: Zero: Û Span: 0

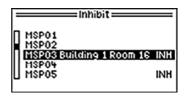
The menu items Zero and Span have no function on the GMA200-MGSS.

5.5.3.3 Service Menu > Measuring Points > Inhibit



Measuring points can be locked (or "inhibited") for maintenance purposes (INH =

Service work can then be carried out at the measuring points without triggering





ATTENTION

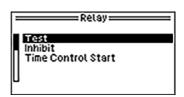
Switching to maintenance mode

If a measuring point is inhibited, the special state Maintenance is assumed. This means that the maintenance relay remains active even in measuring mode.

In measuring mode, the yellow "SRV/SRQ" LED is then permanently lit and in overview of sensor units and transmitters displays "---" instead of the measured value for the inhibited measuring point and "SRV" instead of the gas unit.

In the individual view of the inhibited measuring point, "SRV-INH" is displayed for details. This status does not have a time limit. Even if the power supply is interrupted and the GMA is then put back into operation, the Inhibit state remains until it is changed.

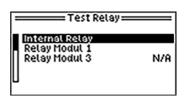
5.5.4 Service Menu > Relay



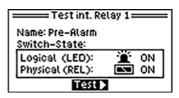
The Relays menu consists of:

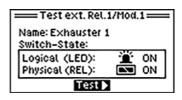
- 1. Test
- 2. Inhibit
- 3. Time Control Start

5.5.4.1 Service Menu > Relay > Test

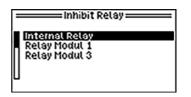


The Test menu allows you to test the activation of the GMA200's internal relays as well as those on external relay modules.



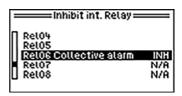


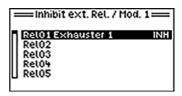
5.5.4.2 Service Menu > Relay > Inhibit



One or more relays can be inhibited for maintenance purposes (INH = Inhibit).

The maintenance relay and the fault relay cannot be inhibited.







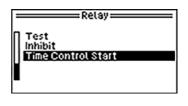
ATTENTION

Switch to maintenance mode

If a relay is locked, the special state Maintenance is assumed. This means that the maintenance relay is switched on.

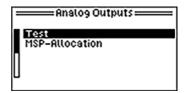
In measuring mode, the yellow LED "SRV/SRQ" is then on continuously. The date since which at least one relay has been inhibited is indicated in Main menu > Status GMA > Messages. This status does not have a time limit. Even if the power supply is disrupted and the GMA is then put back into operation, it will remain in its inhibited status until it is changed.

5.5.4.3 Service Menu > Relay > Time Control Start



The GMA200 has a feature allowing you to time the activation of relays. If a Time Control has been configured and set as a starting condition in the service menu using the GMA200Config software, it can be started here.

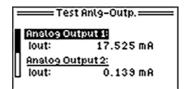
5.5.5 Service Menu > Analog Outputs



The Analog Outputs menu consists of:

- 1. Test
- 2. MSP-Allocation

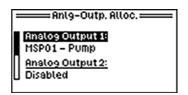
5.5.5.1 Service Menu > Analog Outputs > Test



"Test Analg-Outp." allows you to test the two analog outputs in the range from 0.4 mA to 24.0 mA.

As a prerequisite for this, the DC supply voltage of the GMA200 must be in the range of 20 to 30 V (typically UDC=24 V).

5.5.5.2 Service menu > Analog Outputs > Anlg.-Outp. Alloc.



This menu allows you to change the assignment of the measuring points to the analog outputs.

On the GMA200-MGSS, measuring point 1 is usually the flow sensor of the pump.

5.5.6 Exit Service Menu



To return to the main menu from the service menu, press the RIGHT button. To then switch to the measured values in measuring mode, press it again.

If you changed any settings in the service menu, a query asking you about saving will be displayed when you exit the service menu (see image on the left).



WARNING

Faulty setting of the GMA

Safety-relevant changes may only be carried out by authorized and skilled personnel.

Verifying the changes

To verify that the setting changes have been applied as desired, switch back to the service menu. Especially after changing safety-relevant settings, such as alarm thresholds, the control must be performed in this way.

6. Service

Regular maintenance is mandatory to ensure the functionality of a gas detection system. It requires appropriate knowledge and, if applicable, a certificate of competence of the person performing the work, in accordance with national regulations.



WARNING

Danger due to incorrect inspection or maintenance

All inspections and maintenance work may only be carried out by trained persons.

If there are no suitably qualified employees in the company, please contact GfG. GfG offers appropriate training and refresher courses for your employees as well as suitable service agreements for all maintenance tasks.

6.1 Cleaning and Care



WARNING

Danger due to electric shock

Only clean the device if it is disconnected from the power supply. Before starting work, switch off all power supplies and secure them against being switched on again.

External soiling of the device housing can be removed with a cloth moistened by water. Do not use solvents or cleaning agents!

6.2 Service and Maintenance

According to DIN EN 60079-29-2 section 11 and DIN EN 45544-4 section 8, maintenance and service include testing and inspection during operation as well as repair of the gas detection system.

Also observe all other applicable national and international regulations, in Germany, these regulations are "DGUV Information 213-056 (Leaflet T 021 Section 9)" and "DGUV Information 213-057 (Leaflet T 023 Section 9)".

Depending on the results, it may be necessary to arrange for or carry out adjustment work and repairs. Any defects found must be rectified immediately!

6.2.1 Visual Check

Perform visual checks on a regular basis. The interval between checks must not exceed **1 month**.

The visual check includes:

- » Checking the status LEDs (power supply LED "On", alarm and fault LEDs "Off")
- » Checking the housing (e.g. for mechanical damage and external soiling)
- » Checking the sampling system (e.g. for mechanical damage and condensation)
- » Checking the gas inlets for soiling and clogging
- » Documenting the check

The corresponding documentation must include:

- » Identification of the gas detection system (e.g. plant section, measuring point)
- » Confirmation of the completion of the check
- » Defects found
- » Date and name

6.2.2 Functional Check

The functional check can be performed at intervals depending on the gas hazard you need to monitor. Adhere to the relevant national regulations.

In Germany, for example, the inspection interval for gas detection systems which monitor toxic gases/vapors and oxygen as well as for gas detection devices for explosion protection, is **4 months**.

The functional check includes:

- » A visual check according to section 6.2.1 "Visual check"
- » Supplying zero gas and test gas
 - To check and evaluate the displayed measured values (calibration) and, if necessary, adjust them
 - To check and evaluate whether the response time is in accordance with the information in the manufacturer's operation manual
 - To compare the results with those of previous functional checks
 - Checking the equipment for sample gas delivery and sample gas preparation as well as associated monitoring equipment
 - · Checking the flow rate
 - Adding additional test gas at the measuring point to check and evaluate the displayed measured values as well as the response time
 - Checking leak tightness and flow rate
- » Triggering device-specific test functions for display elements during operation without triggering activation functions
- » Checking stored notifications, faults and service requests
- » Documenting the check

The corresponding documentation must include:

- » Identification of the gas detection system (e.g. plant section, measuring point)
- » Composition of the test gases used
- » Measured value at zero gas and test gas before and after performing calibration/adjustment
- » Assessment of response times
- » Found defects
- » Work performed
- » Date and name

A functional check eliminates the need for any visual checks due at the same time.

6.2.3 System Check (Proof Test)

The system check must be performed at regular intervals. The period between system checks must not exceed **1 year.**

It includes:

- » Functional check according to section 6.2.2 "Functional Check"
- » Checking all safety functions, incl. triggering of activation functions (e.g. start-up of technical ventilation or other measures listed in the risk assessment)
- » Checking parameterization by target/actual comparison
- » Checking the signaling and recording devices
- » Documenting the check

The corresponding documentation must include:

- » Identification of the components of the gas detection system (e.g. plant section, measuring point) and the downstream safety-related equipment
- » Composition of the test gases used
- » Deviations of the parameterization from the set values
- » Measured values for zero gas and test gas before and after performing calibration/adjustment
- » Assessment of response times
- » Found defects
- » Work performed
- » Date and name

A system check eliminates the need for any function checks or visual checks due at the same time.



WARNING

Danger due to isolated examination of the gas detection system

The system check must be carried out by a trained person in close cooperation with the operator of the plant, especially when checking the safety functions.

If this is impossible for operational reasons, certain points up to which the system check is carried out need to be defined and documented.

6.2.4 Calibration and Adjustment

Calibrations with zero gas and test gases are used to check the displayed measured values.

The adjustment with zero gas and test gases is used to set the displayed measured values. Always adjust the zero point first and the sensitivity after. We recommend checking the zero point again in the end.

Calibration and adjustment are part of the functional check and the system check.

6.2.4.1 Zero Gas and Test Gas

Generally, unpolluted fresh air (without interfering gas components) or, in polluted atmospheres, synthetic air can be used as a zero gas. Only electrochemical O_2 sensors and infrared CO_2 sensors use 100 vol % N_2 .



For information on the used test gases, please refer to the supplied test protocol. Alternatively, the suitable gases can be derived from the sensor specifications of the sensors (> page 31ff Sensor specifications).

The test gas generally needs to match the sample gas during calibration. The test gas concentration should be known beforehand, with an accuracy of at least ± 5 %, if technically possible.

If the sample gas is difficult to handle as a test gas, a substitute test gas may be used. The substitute test gas and the associated sensitivity value must be determined and documented in consultation with the manufacturer of the gas detector. Contact the GfG service team if this is the case.



ATTENTION

Particularity of the sensor units with CC sensor

Unpolluted fresh air (without interfering gas components) or, in polluted atmospheres, synthetic air can be used as a zero gas.



ATTENTION

Particularity of the sensor units with EC sensor

When selecting the zero gas, a distinction must be made between sensor units with oxygen sensor and other electrochemical sensors.

For oxygen sensors, use only 100 vol % N₂.

For all other electrochemical sensors, unpolluted fresh air (without interfering gas components) can be used as zero gas or synthetic air in polluted atmospheres.



ATTENTION

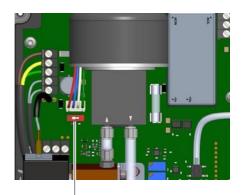
Particularity of the sensor units with an IR sensor

When selecting the zero gas, a distinction must be made between sensor units with carbon dioxide sensors and other infrared sensors.

For carbon dioxide sensors, use only 100 vol % N₂.

For all other electrochemical sensors, unpolluted fresh air (without interfering gas components) can be used as zero gas or synthetic air in polluted atmospheres.

6.2.4.2 Gas Sampling Fitting



S5 switch on the circuit board for switching the pump on and off

Use a gas sampling fitting with demand flow regulator for sampling gas from disposable test gas cylinders.

If no gas sampling fitting with demand flow controller is available, ensure that a pressureless test gas feed is established to protect the pump, for example by means of refillable gas bags.

Use one gas bag per zero gas or test gas to avoid contamination of the gases. Empty the bag completely using a vacuum pump before filling it.

Alternative: This process can also be performed with a commercially available 0.5 l/min pressure reducer. To do this, first switch off the pump using the S5 switch.

Turn the pump back on after you have completed the process.

6.2.4.3 Calibrating & adjusting the zero point of the sensor units [ZERO]

The sensor units of the GMA200-MGSS cannot be calibrated and adjusted via the display and buttons on the housing, as the terminal cover and the housing cover must be removed for this purpose.



ATTENTION

Damage to components

When removing the housing cover, pay attention to the ribbon cable between the main board and the display board. Carefully remove the ribbon cable from the housing cover. Store the housing cover safely until reassembly.



ATTENTION

Damage due to electrostatic discharge

When carrying out work inside the GMA200-MGSS, pay attention to the ESD protection of the components.



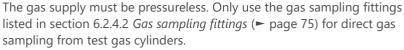
Remote control RC22

Required accessories: Remote control RC22

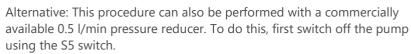
Calibration and adjustment of the sensor units of the GMA200-MGSS is performed using the RC22 remote control. It temporarily adds a display and push buttons to a sensor unit. Once the RC22 is connected, it can be operated like an external transmitter with a corresponding sensor. The measured values and menus are displayed and every step of the process can be carried out as usual using the operating buttons.

Zero point adjustment [ZERO]:

1. Prepare zero gas

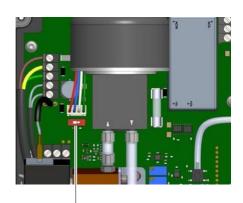


During calibration and adjustment, the gas is drawn in by the GMA200-MGSS's pump.



Turn the pump back on after you have completed the process.

- 2. Ensure that the zero gas can be discharged freely and without pressure.
- 3. Remove the terminal cover.
- 4. Remove the housing cover. To do this, disconnect the ribbon cable from the display's control board connector.



Switch S5 on the circuit board for switching the pump off and on

5. Attach the zero gas.

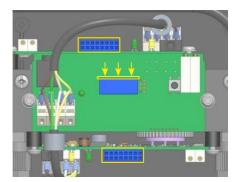
Version V0: 5.1 Disconnect the sample gas hose at the gas inlet

5.2 Connect the zero gas hose to the gas inlet for sample gas

Version V1-6: 5.1 Connect the zero gas hose to the gas inlet for test gas

5.2 Operate the changeover switch to change from sample gas to zero gas

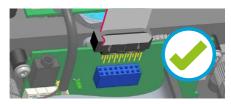
All versions of the GMA200-MGSS have Teflon hoses routed to the outside at all gas inlets and gas outlets by default. Supply hoses and discharge hoses can be attached easily.



6. Connect the RC22 to the sensor unit.

Up to 3 sensor units can be connected to the sensor block of the GMA200-MGSS. Each sensor unit has a blue female connector (marked yellow in the picture) for connecting the RC22.

Plug the male connector at the end of the ribbon cable of the RC22 into the female connector.

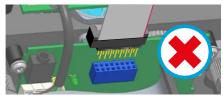




ATTENTION

Damage to components

Always plug the male connector into the female connector in such a way that the ribbon cable faces the PCB and the lug on the top of the insulator can be seen from the outside.



As soon as the RC22 is connected, it shows the information that would otherwise be shown in the display of the GMA200-MGSS. It does not have to be started first.

7. Calibrate the zero point

Wait until the RC22 display shows a stable reading. Record the displayed value in the documentation.

If the value is zero, no further action is required. If it is not zero, the zero point must be adjusted.

8. Adjust the zero point.

To adjust the zero point, switch to the ZERO adjustment menu item in the service menu.

- 8.1 Hold down the TEST/ZERO key for at least 3 s. The input window for the service code will be displayed.
- 8.2 Enter the service code **0011** using the buttons. Confirm the entry by pressing QUIT/MENU. The display changes to the ZERO adjustment menu.

Press the left TEST/ZERO button briefly: scroll backwards through the letters and digits.

Press the right INFO/SPAN button briefly: scroll forward through the letters and digits.

Press the center QUIT/MENU key briefly: jump to the next cursor position or confirm entry.

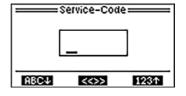
Press and hold the center QUIT/MENU key: jump to the previous cursor position.

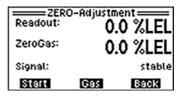
8.3 The display now shows the current measured value for "Display:" and the set zero gas concentration for "Zero gas:".

at zero gas, you can adjust the zero point. The degree of permissible deviation depends on the type of sensor unit:

If the displayed gas reading does not deviate too much from 0

- » Sensor unit with CC sensor: permissible deviation < 25 % of the measuring range</p>
- » Sensor unit with EC sensor: permissible deviation < 10 % of the measuring range</p>
- » Sensor unit with IR sensor: permissible deviation < 10 % of the measuring range</p>





Beispiel: CC-Sensor



ATTENTION

Loss of function of the sensor unit

If the displayed measured gas value deviates from zero for more than the permissible amount, the sensor must be replaced. Contact the GfG service team.

Press the left TEST/ZERO button to start the zero point adjustment. Wait 5 s or press the right INFO/SPAN button briefly after the adjustment has been completed successfully to return to the ZERO adjustment menu. The middle QUIT/MENU button has no function during zero point adjustment. Press the right INFO/SPAN button briefly to exit the menu.



8.4 The prompt pictured here will then be displayed.

Press the left TEST/ZERO button briefly to return to the zero point adjustment.

Press the center QUIT/MENU button briefly to exit the menu. Press the right INFO/SPAN button briefly to exit the menu and accept the new zero point.

If there is more than one sensor unit on the measuring chamber, repeat steps 6 to 8 for the other sensor units. Make sure that the zero gas for the sensor is correct.

6.2.4.4 Calibrating & adjusting the sensitivity of the sensor units [SPAN]

The sensor units of the GMA200-MGSS cannot be calibrated and adjusted via the display and the push buttons of the housing, as the terminal cover and the housing cover must be removed for this purpose.



ATTENTION

Damage to components

When removing the housing cover, pay attention to the ribbon cable between the main board and the display board. Carefully remove the ribbon cable from the housing cover. Store the housing cover safely until reassembly.



ATTENTION

Damage due to electrostatic discharge

When carrying out work inside the GMA200-MGSS, pay attention to the ESD protection of the components.



Remote control RC22

Required accessories: RC22 remote control

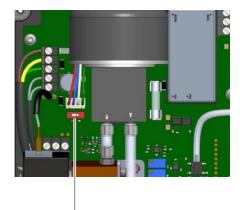
Calibration and adjustment of the sensor units of the GMA200-MGSS is performed using the RC22 remote control. It temporarily adds a display and buttons to a sensor unit. Once the RC22 is connected, it can be operated like an external transmitter with a corresponding sensor. The measured values and menus are shown on the display and every step of the process can be carried out as usual using the operating buttons.

Sensitivity adjustment [SPAN]:



1. Prepare test gas

The gas supply must be pressureless. Only use the gas sampling fittings listed in section 6.2.4.2 Gas sampling fittings (► page 75) for direct gas sampling from test gas cylinders. During calibration and adjustment, the gas is drawn in by the GMA200-MGSS's pump.



S5 switch on the circuit board for switching the pump off and on

Alternative: This process can also be performed with a commercially available 0.5 l/min pressure reducer. To do this, first switch off the pump using the S5 switch.

Turn the pump back on after the process has been completed.

- 2. Make sure that the test gas can be discharged freely and without pressure.
- 3. Remove the terminal cover.
- 4. Remove the housing cover. To do this, disconnect the ribbon cable from the display's control board connector.
- 5. Attach the test gas.

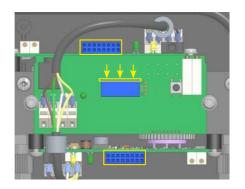
5.1 Disconnect the sample gas hose at the gas inlet Version V0:

5.2 Connect the test gas hose to the gas inlet for sample gas

Version V1-6: 5.1 Connect the test gas hose to the gas inlet for test gas

5.2 Operate the changeover switch to change from sample gas to test gas

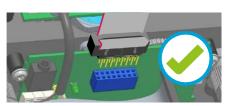
All versions of the GMA200-MGSS have Teflon hoses routed to the outside at all gas inlets and gas outlets ex works. Supply hoses and discharge hoses can be attached easily.

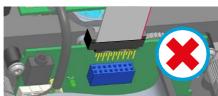


6. Connect the RC22 to the sensor unit.

Up to 3 sensor units can be connected to the sensor block of the GMA200-MGSS. Each sensor unit has a blue female connector (highlighted yellow in the image) for connecting the RC22.

Plug the male connector at the end of the RC22's ribbon cable into the female connector.







ATTENTION

Damage to components

Always plug the male connector into the female connector in such a way that the ribbon cable faces the PCB and the lug on the top of the insulator can be seen from the outside.

As soon as the RC22 is connected, it will display the information that would usually be displayed on the GMA200-MGSS. It does not have to be started first.

7. Calibrate the sensitivity



ATTENTION

Toxic properties of the test gases

When handling toxic gases, including most flammable gases and vapors, you must adhere to special behavior instructions which depend on the test gas you are using. Information on this can be found in the corresponding safety data sheets.

Wait until the RC22 displays a stable reading. Record the displayed value in the documentation.

If the value is identical to the test gas concentration specification on the gas certificate of the connected gas cylinder, no further action is necessary. If the values differ, the sensitivity must be adjusted.

8. Adjust the sensitivity

To adjust the sensitivity, switch to the SPAN adjustment service menu item.

- 8.1 Press and hold the INFO/SPAN button for at least 3 s. The input window for the service code will then be displayed.
- 8.2 Enter the service code **0011** via the push buttons. Confirm the code by pressing QUIT/MENU. The SPAN adjustment menu will then be displayed.

Press the left TEST/ZERO button briefly: scroll backwards through the letters and digits.

Press the right INFO/SPAN button briefly: scroll forward through the letters and digits.

Press the center QUIT/MENU button briefly: jump to the next cursor position or confirm your entry.

Hold down the center QUIT/MENU button: jump to the previous cursor position.

8.3 The current measured value is then displayed for "Readout:" and the last used test gas concentration is displayed for "Cal. gas:"

Check whether the set test gas concentration corresponds to the test gas concentration of the test gas used.

If the values are identical, no further action is necessary. If the values differ, the setting for cal. gas must be adjusted.

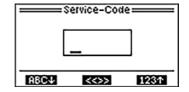
8.4 Changing the cal. gas setting

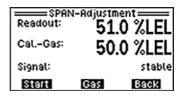
Press and hold the QUIT/MENU button for at least 3 s. The Cal. gas value is now displayed inversely and can be changed. Set the cal. gas value according to the concentration on the gas certificate of the test gas cylinder.

Press the left TEST/ZERO button briefly: Decrease the value of the cal. gas concentration.

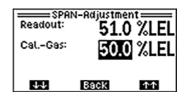
Press the right INFO/SPAN button briefly: Increase the value of the cal. gas concentration.

Press the center QUIT/MENU button briefly: Confirms the displayed value.





Example: CC sensor



8.5 Start the adjustment of the sensitivity



ATTENTION

Adjustment requirements

The displayed gas reading must be at least 7 % of the measuring range.

Press the left TEST/ZERO button briefly to start the sensitivity adjustment. Wait for 5s or press the right INFO/SPAN button after the adjustment has been successful to return to the SPAN adjustment menu. Briefly press the right INFO/SPAN key again to exit the menu.

8.6 The prompt pictured here will then be displayed:



Press the left TEST/ZERO button briefly to return to the sensitivity adjustment.

Press the enter QUIT/MENU button briefly to exit the menu without accepting the new sensitivity setting.

Press the right INFO/SPAN button briefly to exit the menu and accept the new sensitivity setting.

If there is more than one sensor unit on the measuring chamber, repeat steps 6 to 8 for the other sensor units. Make sure that you use the correct test gas for the sensor.

6.2.4.5 Calibration & adjustment of external transmitters

For information on calibrating external transmitters, please refer to the transmitters' operation manuals.

6.2.4.6 Checking the pump performance and sealing

To ensure the device is operating as intended, check whether the pump output is 0.5 slpm, the entire system is gas tight, and the alarms are triggered according to the preset alarm thresholds.



ATTENTION

Consider the configuration of the entire gas detection system for checks.

Consider the configuration of the entire gas detection system for checks.

No two GMA200-MGSS installations are identical and neither are the possible vulnerabilities and sources of errors. Follow the procedure for commissioning the gas detection system to check pumping capacity and tightness during the function check and system check.

Possible error sources:

» Pump

» Hoses and tubes

» Connections

» Accessories and extensions

failure or reduced performance porosity, pitting corrosion or damage seals, compression fittings and fittings condensate separator



ATTENTION

Leakage due to incorrectly mounted condensate separator

Reassemble the condensate trap so that it is gas-tight after draining or changing the filter. When screwing on the collection container, do not tilt and tighten it firmly.

Simple alarm test

With the GMA200-MGSS/V0:

Either seal the opening at the suction point or disconnect the sample gas hose at the GMA200-MGSS and seal the gas inlet.

With the GMA200-MGSS/V1-6:

Either seal the opening at the suction point or activate the changeover switch to switch from the sample gas inlet to the test gas inlet. Depending on the method, seal the sample gas inlet or the test gas inlet.

The resulting negative pressure triggers alarm thresholds 1 and 2 for the pump in succession.

At the same time, proof is provided that the system does not draw air through leaks or leaking connections, at least not from the point at which it was sealed. We recommend closing the sample gas inlet

Closure of the sample gas inlet is therefore preferable in order to check the entire conveying line.



ATTENTION

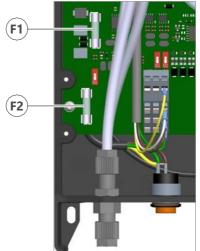
Damage to the hose core

Never pinch or kink the hose to close the suction path. Cracks in the hose or damage to the core may occur.

The performance of the pump is checked during servicing using a rotameter.

6.2.5 Maintenance

(F5



Maintenance includes all repairs and replacements. These activities may only be carried out by the manufacturer and by persons authorized by GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH.

Only original spare parts tested and approved by the manufacturer and original assemblies may be used.

To change the internal fuses of the GMA200-MGSS (F1 for the GMA200, F2 for the transmitters or F5 for the pump), first remove the terminal and cable gland cover and then the housing cover.





ATTENTION

Damage to components

When removing the housing cover, pay attention to the ribbon cable between the main board and the display board in the cover and remove it carefully, if necessary.



ATTENTION

Damage due to electrostatic discharge

When replacing the fuses, pay attention to the ESD protection of the components on the circuit boards.

6.3 Spare parts and accessories

	Designation	Item no.		
1.	microSD card 2 GB	2200202		
2.	Spare fuse T 500 mA	(F1/F2 - GMA200/transmitter)	PU = 10 piece	2200301
3.	Spare fuse T 315 mA	(F5 - Pump)	PU = 5 piece	2200332
4.	Screws for GMA200-MGS	S wall-mounted enclosure	PU = 10 piece	2200304
5.	Sealing insert for GMA200	O-MGSS cable gland	PU = 20 piece	2200305
6.	Ribbon cable for GMA200	2200308		

6.4 Note on the environmentally friendly disposal of used parts



According to GfG's general terms and conditions, the customer assumes responsibility for the environmentally safe disposal of the device or any device components (such as replaced sensors). In Germany, this is regulated by §§11, 12 ElektroG. On request, GfG in Dortmund can also handle the proper disposal.

6.5 Technical specifications

Type designation	GMA200-MGSS 2.2" graphic display, 5 buttons, alarm light and horn max. 100 dB(A) adjustable 15 status LEDs for alarms, the operating status and relay states					
Display & Controls						
Ambient conditions						
for storage:	-25 to +60 °C 0 to 99 % RH (recommended: 0 to +30 °C 40 to 60 % RH)					
for operation: Mounting location:	-10 to +45 °C 0 to 99 % RH only indoors up to an altitude of 2000 m above sea level					
Power supply						
Operating voltage:	UAC = 100-240 V / 50-60 Hz mains voltage					
Power consumption:	max. 42 VA or 20 W					
Fuses:	F1 = T 500 mA (for GMA200)					
	F2 = T 500 mA (for sensors) F5 = T 315 mA (for flow controller)					
Sample gas feed						
Gas processing:	cooling coil (optional)					
	condensate separator with water barrier (optional)					
B. (1	flame arrester (optional)					
Path switching: Sample gas pump:	solenoid valve (optional) diaphragm pump (flow-controlled, typically 0.5 l/min)					
	diaphragin pump (now-controlled, typically 0.5 l/min)					
Gas sensors	with many 2 concerns					
Sensor block:	with max. 3 sensors 1 catalytic combustion sensor for measuring flammable gases and vapors					
	2 electrochemical or infrared sensors for measuring					
	toxic and flammable gases as well as oxygen					
Processing of						
measured values						
Update time:	1 s					
Adjustment times:	Increasing $t_{50} < 2$ s or. $t_{90} < 2$ s Falling $t_{50} < 2$ s or. $t_{10} < 2$ plus setting times of the gas sensors and depending on the length of the					
	intake section (extended by setting times of the transmitters)					
Readiness delay:	< 40 s (possibly extended due to adjustment times of the transmitters)					
RS-485 outputs						
GMA bus:	RS-485; half-duplex; max 230400 baud					
	(for GMA200 relay modules, controller, PC, PLC or gateway)					
TRM bus1:	RS-485; half-duplex; max 38400 baud (only for GMA200 relay modules)					
Relay outputs						
Contacts:	8 relays with a changeover contact					
Contact rating:	UAC = 250 V / 3 A or UDC = 30 V / 3A					
Minimum switching current: Minimum switching voltage:	10 mA 5 V					
Switching frequency:	max 100 per year (per relay contact), applies to SIL applications according					
Insulation spacings:	to EN 50402 Basic insulation between the relays: 1 & 2, 3 & 4, 5 & 6, 7 & 8					
1 3	Double insulation between the relays: 2 & 3, 4 & 5, 6 & 7					
Analog outputs						
IOUT1+2:	4-20 mA with linear transfer function (load max. 560 Ω)					
Accuracy:	± 0.3 % MR at 10 to 30 °C or ± 0.8 % MR at -20 to 50 °C (MR = measuring range)					

Alarm acknowledgement inputs					
Reset1+2:	UDC=0 to 3 V (alarm acknowledgement occurs on contact with GND; UDCMAX = 30 V)				
Data logger (optional)	max 2 GB microSD card with FAT formatting (FAT16)				
USB port	Mini-B USB socket for device configuration via computer				
Housing					
Protection class:	IP54 according to IEC 60529; IK08 according to IEC 62262				
Material:	Plastic				
Weight:	2.8 kg to 3.2 kg (depending on version)				
Dimensions:	270 x 290 x 98 mm (W x H x D) (varies depending on the version)				
Connection cable					
Cable:	3-wire ≥ 0.75 mm ² LiYY, NYM (for GMA200 supply)				
	2-wire 1 x 2 x 0.22 mm ² BUS-LD (for GMA bus with length > 10 m)				
Cable glands:	7 pieces M16x1.5 (for cable diameter 4.5 to 10 mm)				
Terminal strips:	0.08 to 2.5 mm ² Cross section				
Approvals/Certifications					
Electromagnetic compatibility:	EN 50270:2015 (interference emission: type class I,				
	interference immunity: type class II)				
Electrical Safety:	EN 61010-1:2010 (pollution degree 2, overvoltage category II for mains supply) (pollution degree 2, overvoltage category III for relay contacts)				

Firmware Version 2.10 232-000.40_OM_GMA200-MGSS_EN_v8 As of December 8, 2022 Subject to change

GfG Instrumentation, Inc.

1194 Oak Valley Dr. Ste. 20, Ann Arbor, MI 48108

Phone: 800-959-0329 Fax: 734-769-1888 Email: info@goodforgas.com



GfGsafety.com/us-en



6.6 Declaration of Conformity

EU Declaration of Conformity

GMA200-MGSS

Edited: 14.12.2018 Amended:

GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH

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www.gfg.biz



GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH develops produces and sells gas sensors and gas warning devices which are subject to a quality management system as per DIN EN ISO 9001. Subject to supervision by means of a quality system, surveilled by the notified body, DEKRA EXAM GmbH

(0158), is the production of electrical apparatus of instrumentation Group I and II, categories M1, M2, 1G and 2G for gas sensors, gas detectors, gas warning systems in types of protection flameproof enclosures, increased safety, encapsulation and intrinsic safety, as well as their measuring function.

The Gas detection controller GMA200-MGSS complies with council directive 2014/30/EU for electromagnetic compatibility, with directive 2014/35/EU for electrical safety and with directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS) on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

The directive 2014/30/EU is complied considering the following standard:

- Electromagnetic compatibility - Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement

of combustible gases, toxic gases or oxygen

EN 50270: 2015 Type class 1

Radio shielding Interference resistance

Type class 2

The EMC test laboratory EM TEST GmbH at Kamen has tested and certified the electromagnetic compatibility.

The directive 2014/35/EU is complied considering the following standard:

- Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. General requirements. EN 61010-1: 2010

The company du.tronic Consulting & Engineering at Ratingen has tested and certified the electrical safety.

The directive 2011/65/EU is complied considering the following standard:

- Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances EN 50581: 2012

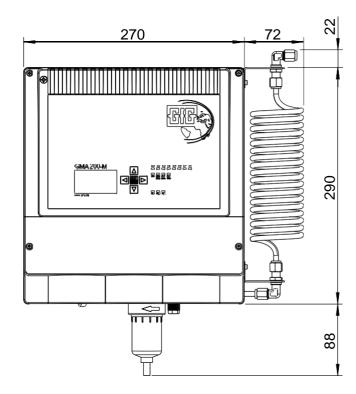
Dortmund, 14 December 2018

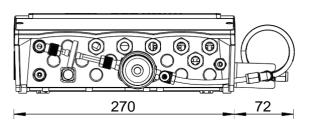
B. Siebrecht

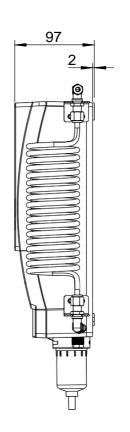
OMB

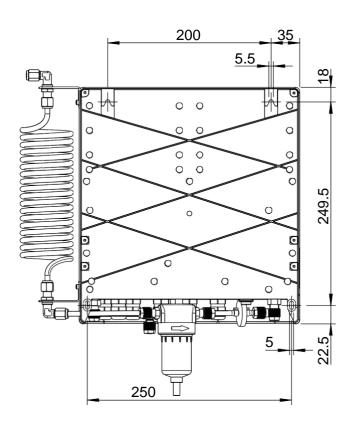
EG-Kon-59 1/Siebri

6.7 Mounting plan









Rev.	Changes	Date	Name	Date	Name	Verified	Title:		
				2018-02-21	Leonhardt	Böttger	GMA200-MGSS		
				Adhere to protection note		Package dimensions and mounting template			
				GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH Klönnestr.99, D - 44143 Dortmund		232-005.23 of		Page 1	
								of 1	
						Replaces:	Replaced by:		